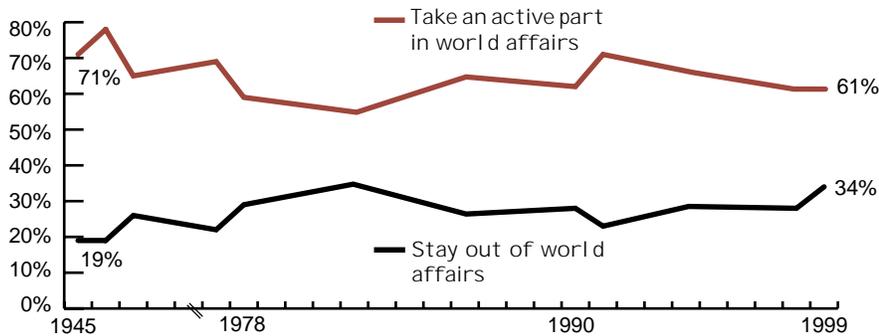


America in the World

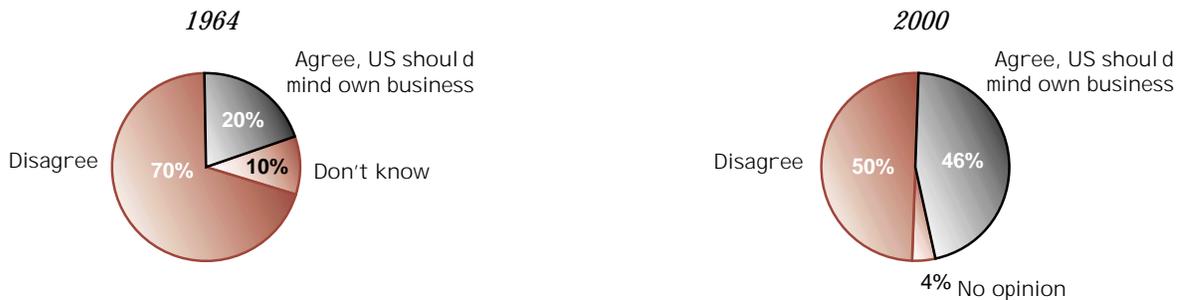
Question: Do you think it would be best for the future of this country if we take an active part in world affairs, or if we stay out of world affairs?



| | Active part | Stay out |
|------|-------------|----------|
| 1945 | 71% | 19% |
| 1946 | 78 | 19 |
| 1947 | 65 | 26 |
| 1950 | 69 | 22 |
| 1978 | 59 | 29 |
| 1982 | 54 | 35 |
| 1986 | 64 | 27 |
| 1990 | 62 | 28 |
| 1991 | 71 | 23 |
| 1994 | 65 | 29 |
| 1998 | 61 | 28 |
| 1999 | 61 | 34 |

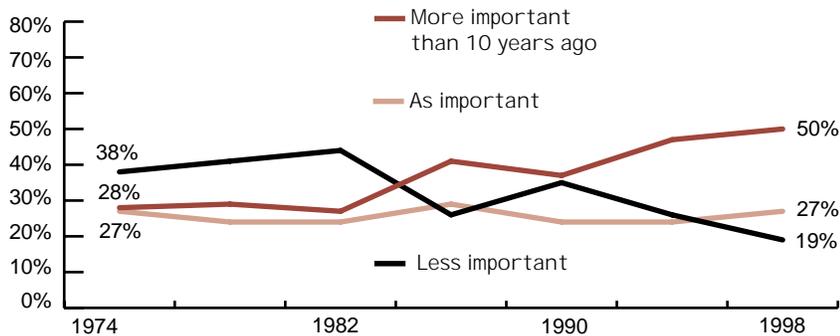
Source: Surveys by the Gallup Organization, latest that of June 11-13, 1999.

Question: Please tell me whether you agree or disagree with the following statement. The US should mind its own business internationally and let other countries get along as best they can on their own.



Source: Surveys by the Gallup Organization for Potomac Associates, September 1964, and by Gallup/CNN/USA Today, January 13-16, 2000.

Question: Do you think the United States plays a more important and powerful role as a world leader today compared to 10 years ago, a less important role, or about as important a role as a world leader as it did 10 years ago?

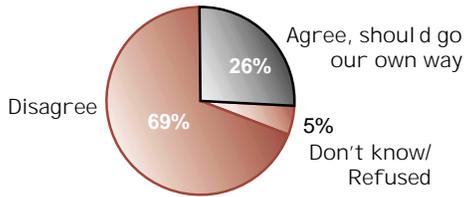


| | More important | Less important | As important |
|------|----------------|----------------|--------------|
| 1974 | 28% | 38% | 27% |
| 1978 | 29 | 41 | 24 |
| 1982 | 27 | 44 | 24 |
| 1986 | 41 | 26 | 29 |
| 1990 | 37 | 35 | 24 |
| 1994 | 47 | 26 | 24 |
| 1998 | 50 | 19 | 27 |

Source: Surveys by the Gallup Organization for the Chicago Council on Foreign Relations, latest that of October 15-November 10, 1998.

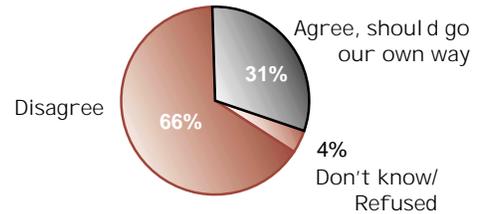
Partnership Preferred

Question: Please tell me whether you agree or disagree with each of the following statements.... Since the US is the most powerful nation in the world, we should go our own way in international matters, not worrying too much about whether other countries agree with us or not.



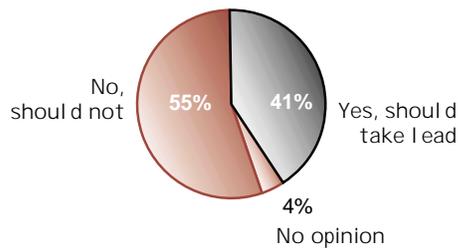
Source: Survey by Princeton Survey Research Associates for the Pew Research Center, March 24-28, 1999.

Question: ...Please tell me whether you agree or disagree [with each of the following statements].... Since the United States is the most powerful nation in the world, we should go our own way in international matters, not worrying too much about whether other countries agree with us or not.



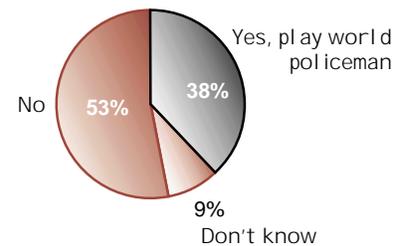
Source: Survey by the Program on International Policy Attitudes, University of Maryland, for the Institute for Policy Studies and *The Nation*, September 21-25, 2000.

Question: Do you think the United States should or should not take the leading role among all other countries in the world in trying to solve international problems?



Source: Survey by the Gallup Organization, May 18-21, 2000.

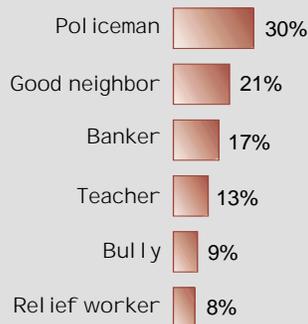
Question: Do you think that the United States has the responsibility to play the role of "world policeman," that is, to fight violations of international law and aggression wherever they occur?



Source: Survey by the *Los Angeles Times*, March 25, 1999.

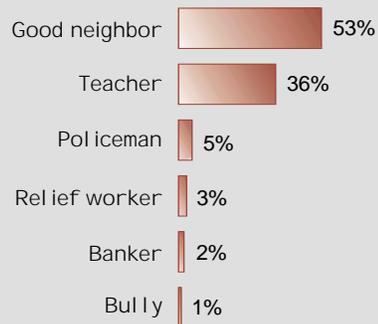
Neighborhood Watch

Question: Which of these best describes the role you think the US currently has in the world...?



Source: Survey by Belden Russonello & Stewart for the Aspen Institute, January 14-February 5, 2000.

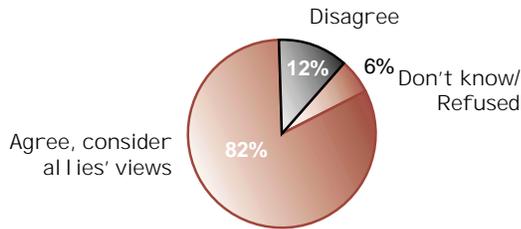
Question: Which of these best describes the role you would like the US to have...?



Source: Survey by Belden Russonello & Stewart for the Aspen Institute, January 14-February 5, 2000.

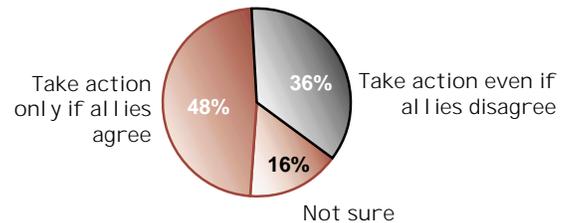
Getting Involved

Question: Please tell me whether you agree or disagree with each of the following statements.... In deciding on its foreign policies, the US should take into account the views of its major allies.



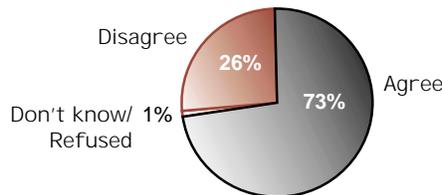
Source: Survey by Princeton Survey Research Associates for the Pew Research Center, March 24-28, 1999.

Question: When it comes to foreign policy, do you think the United States should take action only if its allies generally agree with its decision, or do you think the United States should take action even if its allies disagree with its decision?



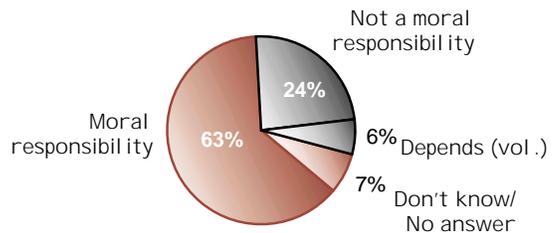
Source: Survey by Yankelovich Partners/Time/CNN, July 26-27, 2000.

Question: Do you agree or disagree with these statements?... The US should not try to change what goes on in other countries because it is inappropriate for us to impose our values on others.



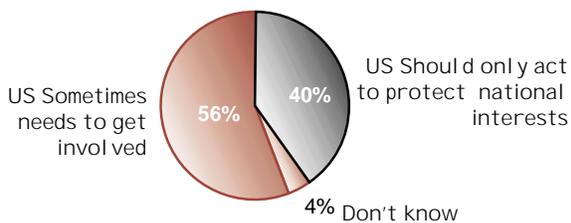
Source: Survey by Belden Russonello & Stewart for the Aspen Institute, January 14-February 5, 2000.

Question: In general, does the United States have a moral responsibility to get involved in countries where there is widespread persecution of one ethnic group, or not?



Source: Survey by CBS News/New York Times, April 5-6, 1999.

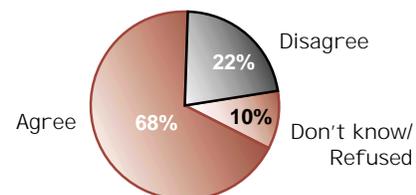
Question: Which is closer to your view of the proper role of the US in the world?... The US sometimes needs to get involved in regional conflicts that do not directly threaten US interests because we are often the only country able to maintain world peace and prevent humanitarian disasters such as Kosovo and East Timor. The US should only act to protect our own national interests because it is not our responsibility to keep peace around the world.



Note: Asked of registered voters.

Source: Survey by Mark Penn for the Democratic Leadership Council, September 28-29, 1999.

Question: Do you agree or disagree with the following? The old idea of national sovereignty which did not allow foreign interference in the domestic affairs of any country, even if it killed many of its own people, is no longer acceptable and must change.

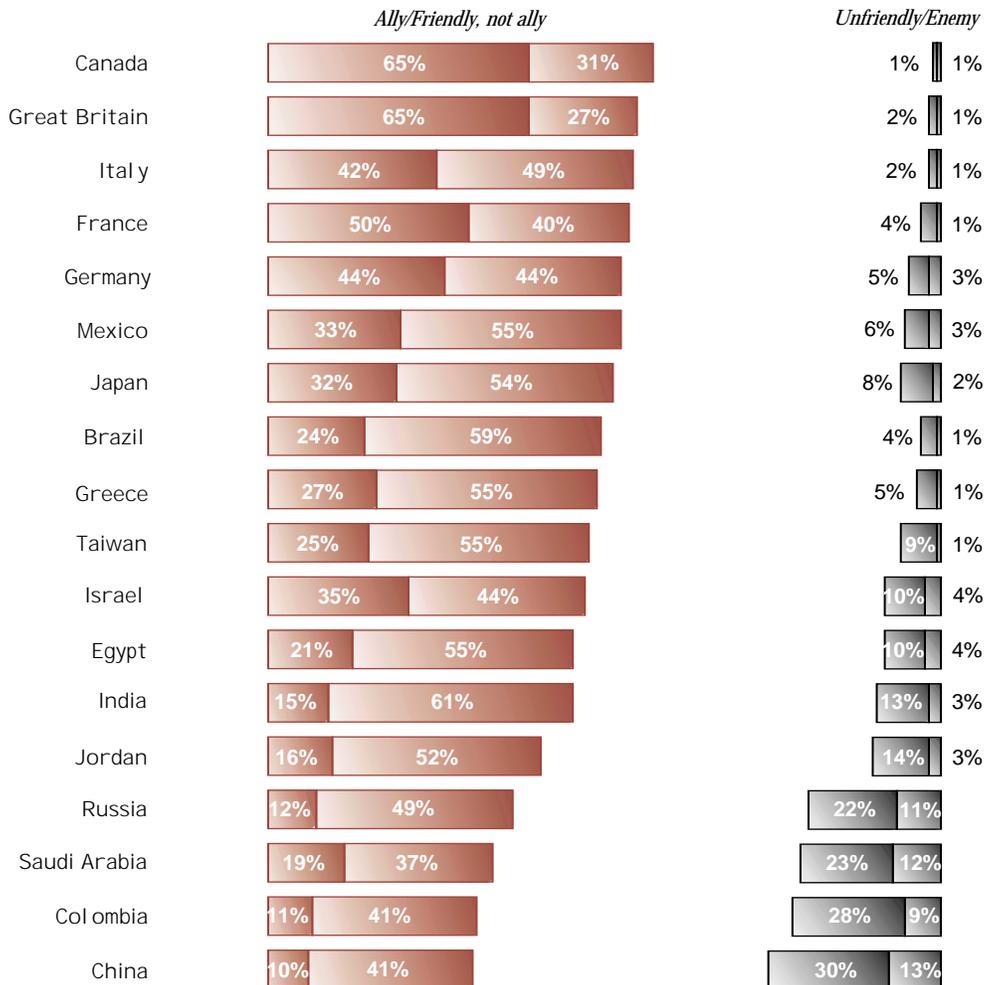


Source: Survey by Harris Interactive, October 27-November 2, 1999.

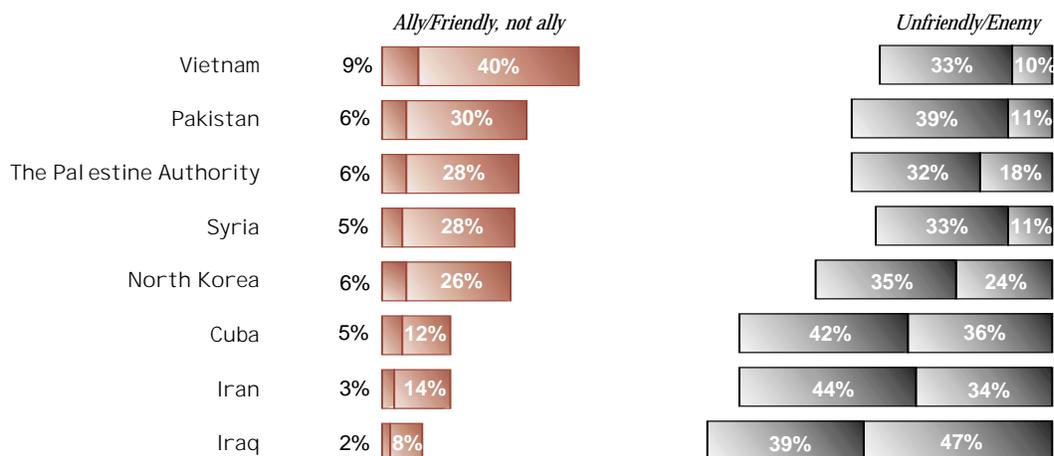
Many Friends, Few Enemies

Question: For each of the following countries, please say whether you consider it an ally of the United States, friendly, but not an ally, unfriendly, or an enemy of the United States. How about...?

Friendlies



Estranged

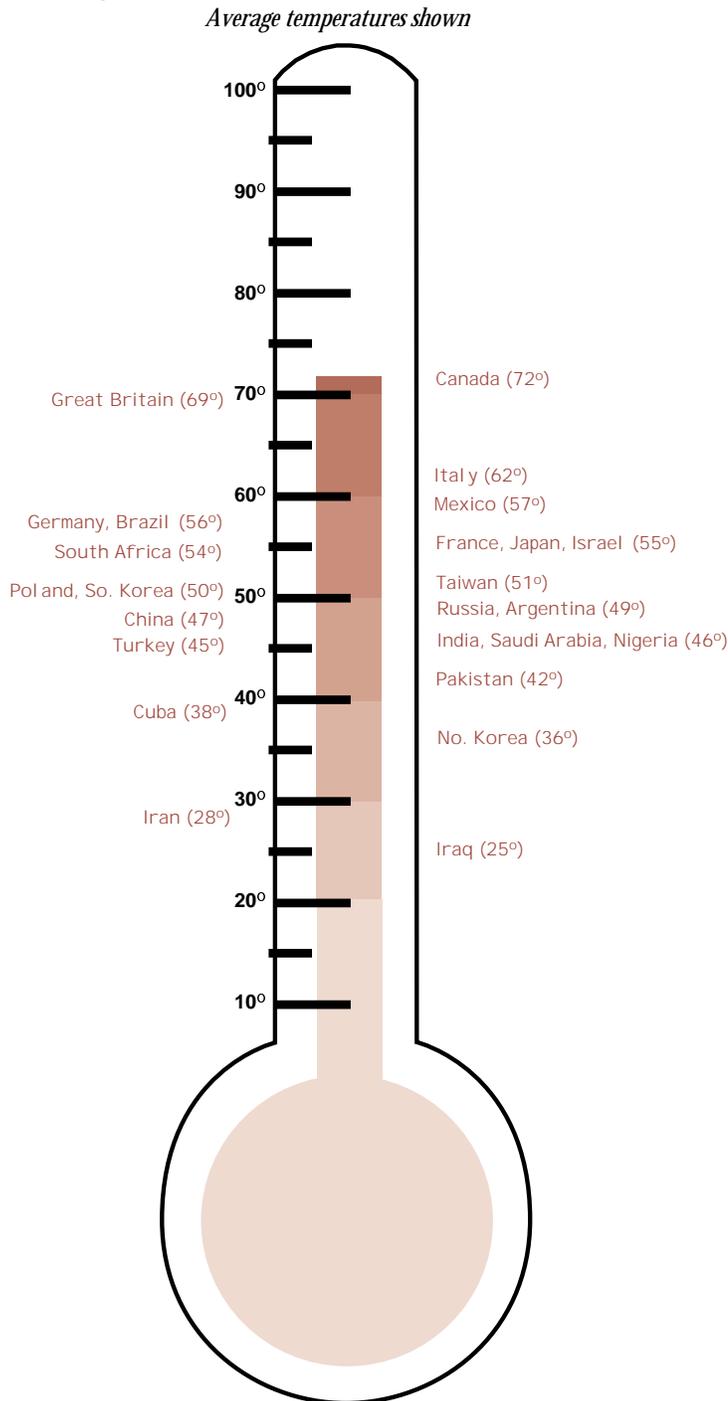


Source: Survey by the Gallup Organization, May 18-21, 2000.

Among Others

World Climate

Question: ...I'd like you to rate these countries on this feeling thermometer. If you feel neutral toward a country, give it a temperature of 50 degrees. If you have a warm feeling toward a country, give it a temperature higher than 50 degrees. If you have a cool feeling toward a country, give it a temperature lower than 50 degrees.

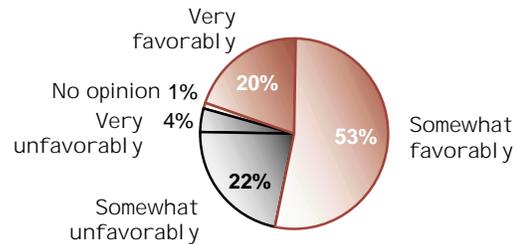


Note: Average based on mean.

Source: Survey by the Gallup Organization for the Chicago Council on Foreign Relations, October 15-November 10, 1998.

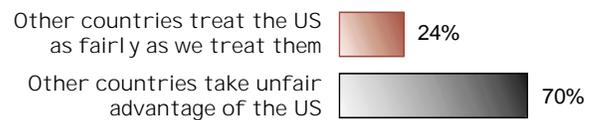
What We Think They Think

Question: In general, how do you think the United States rates in the eyes of the world...?



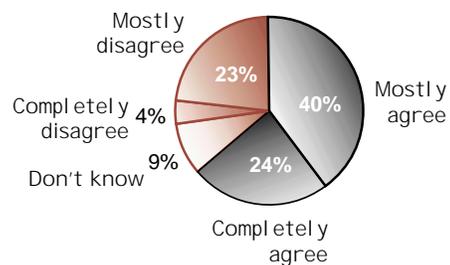
Source: Survey by the Gallup Organization, May 18-21, 2000.

Question: ...[Which] statement... comes closer to your own views... Other countries generally treat the United States about as fairly as we treat them; other countries often take unfair advantage of the United States?



Source: Survey by Princeton Survey Research Associates for the Pew Research Center, July 14-September 9, 1999.

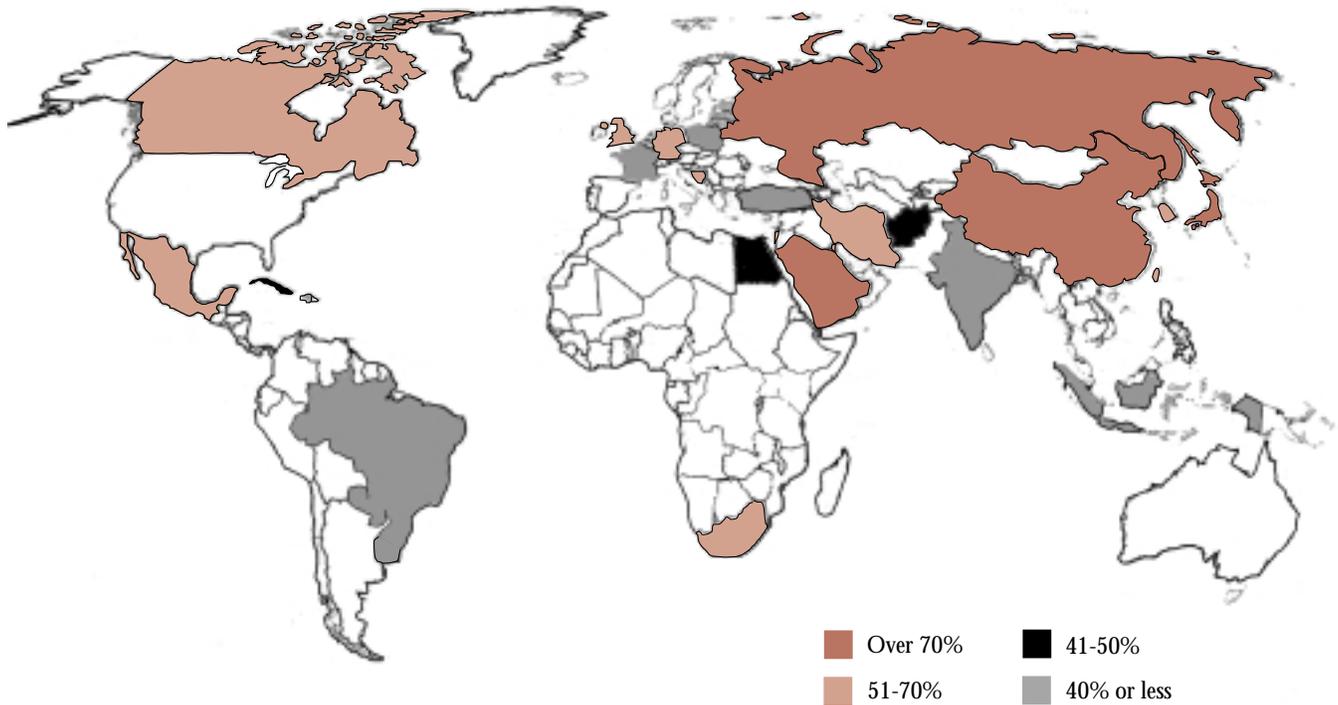
Question: ...For each statement, please tell me if you completely agree with it, mostly agree with it, mostly disagree with it, or completely disagree with it.... Most of the countries that have gotten help from America end up resenting us.



Source: Survey by Princeton Survey Research Associates for the Pew Research Center, September 28-October 10, 1999.

Vital Interests

Question: Many people believe that the United States has a vital interest in certain areas of the world and not in other areas. That is, certain countries of the world are important to the US for political, economic or security reasons. I am going to read a list of countries. For each, tell me whether you feel the US does or does not have a vital interest in that country.



Percent responding a vital interest of the US

What the Public Says (reflected on the map)

| Over 70% | | 41-50% | |
|-----------------|-----|--|-----|
| Japan | 87% | Cuba | 50% |
| Russia | 77 | Egypt | 46 |
| Saudi Arabia | 77 | Afghanistan | 45 |
| China | 74 | | |
| 51-70% | | 40% or less | |
| Canada | 69% | France | 37% |
| Israel | 69 | India | 36 |
| Kuwait | 68 | Brazil | 33 |
| Great Britain | 66 | Indonesia | 33 |
| Mexico | 66 | Turkey | 33 |
| Iran | 61 | Haiti | 31 |
| Germany | 60 | Poland | 31 |
| South Korea | 54 | The Baltic Countries of Latvia, Lithuania, and Estonia | 27 |
| South Africa | 52 | | |
| Taiwan | 52 | | |
| Bosnia | 51 | | |

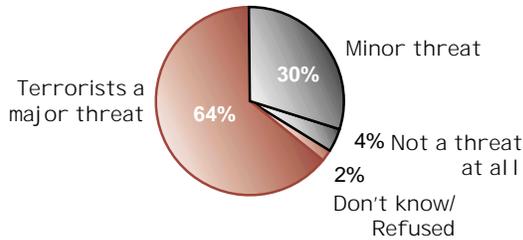
What Leaders Say

| Over 70% | | 51-70% | |
|-----------------|-----|--|-----|
| China | 95% | Egypt | 66% |
| Japan | 94 | France | 57 |
| Mexico | 93 | South Africa | 52 |
| Russia | 93 | | |
| Canada | 89 | 50% or less | |
| Saudi Arabia | 88 | Indonesia | 50% |
| Israel | 86 | Bosnia | 48 |
| Great Britain | 84 | Poland | 42 |
| Germany | 83 | The Baltic Countries of Latvia, Lithuania, and Estonia | 30 |
| South Korea | 82 | | |
| Brazil | 75 | | |
| Iran | 72 | | |

Source: Survey by the Gallup Organization for the Chicago Council on Foreign Relations, ; October 15-November 10, 1998 (general public); November 2-December 21, 1998 (opinion leaders).

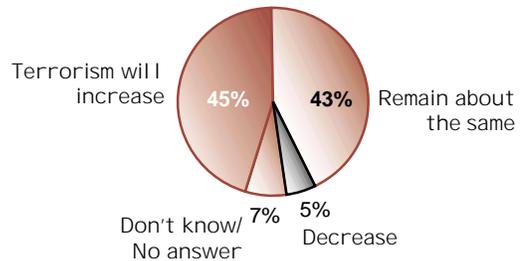
Terror Strikes

Question: In your opinion, how much of a threat to our country's future well-being are each of the following?... Are international terrorists ...a major threat, a minor threat, or not a threat at all?



Source: Survey by Princeton Survey Research Associates for the Pew Research Center, April 6-May 6, 1999.

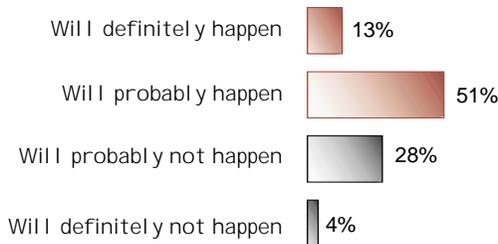
Question: In the next century, do you think acts of terrorism will increase, decrease, or remain about the same?



Source: Survey by CBS News, January 2, 2000.

Question: I'm going to read you a list of things that may or may not happen in the next 50 years. Please tell me how likely you think it is that each will happen. How likely do you think it is that... there will be a major terrorist attack on the US involving biological or chemical weapons? Do you think this will definitely happen, will probably happen, will probably not happen, or will definitely not happen?

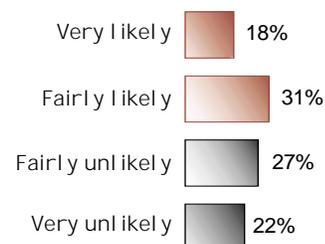
Terrorist attack on US



Source: Survey by Princeton Survey Research Associates for the Pew Research Center, April 6-May 6, 1999.

Question: For each of the following possibilities, please tell me whether you think it is very likely, fairly likely, fairly unlikely, or very unlikely to happen. ...That terrorists will explode a nuclear bomb in the United States within the next 10 years.

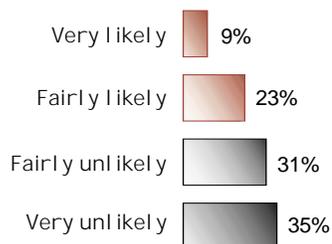
Nuclear bomb will explode in US



Source: Survey by the Gallup Organization, May 18-21, 2000.

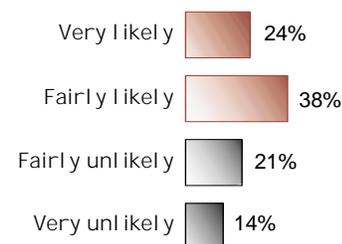
Nuclear Fears

Question: For each of the following possibilities, please tell me whether you think it is very likely, fairly likely, fairly unlikely, or very unlikely to happen. ...That the United States will be attacked by another country using nuclear weapons within the next 10 years.



Source: Survey by the Gallup Organization, May 18-21, 2000.

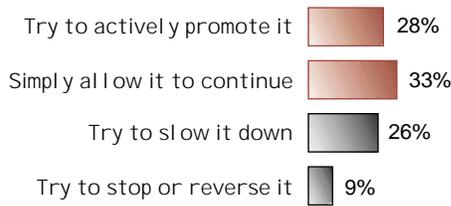
Question: For each of the following possibilities, please tell me whether you think it is very likely, fairly likely, fairly unlikely, or very unlikely to happen. ...That other countries will use nuclear weapons against each other within the next 10 years.



Source: Survey by the Gallup Organization, May 18-21, 2000.

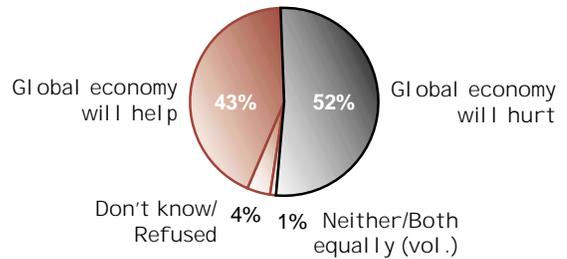
It's a Small World, After All

Question: ...Globalization refers to the increasing connections between countries that have come with the growth of international travel and cross border shipping, and increases in communications, such as through the internet. This has led to an increase in world trade and the flow of investments between countries. It has also made it more likely that conditions in one country will affect conditions in other countries, and has led to a more international culture in such areas as music, movies, and fashion. Overall, with regard to further globalization, do you think that it should be a goal of the US to...?



Source: Survey by the Program on International Policy Attitudes, University of Maryland, October 21-29, 1999.

Question: I'm going to read you some pairs of statements and ask you to choose which one comes closest to your point of view, even if neither is exactly right. ...The global economy will help average Americans because it will strengthen our economy and keep prices affordable for consumers, or the global economy will hurt average Americans because businesses will rely more on cheap labor from other countries and US jobs will be lost.



Source: Survey by Princeton Survey Research Associates for the Pew Research Center, April 6-May 6, 1999.

Question: Many of the goods and services produced in this country are exported and sold around the world. Many of the goods and services we buy here are imported from other countries. Overall, do you think globalization is good or bad for...?

Percent responding globalization is good

...Providing jobs and strengthening the economy in poor countries



...Consumers like you



...American companies



...The US economy



...Creating jobs in the US

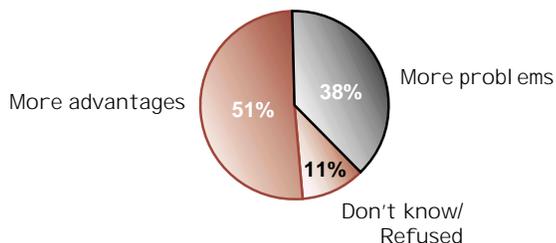


...The environment



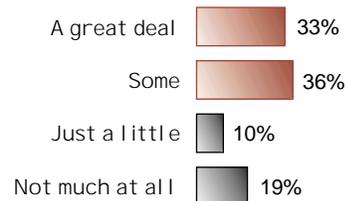
Source: Survey by Harris Interactive for *Business Week*, April 7-10, 2000.

Question: As the world becomes more interconnected, do you see more problems or more advantages for you personally?



Source: Survey by Belden Russonello & Stewart for the Aspen Institute, January 14-February 5, 2000.

Question: There is a lot of talk these days about globalization of the economy, communication, health, environment, and other areas. Overall, do you believe increasing globalization has a great deal, some, or just a little, or not much of an impact on you personally?



Source: Survey by Belden Russonello & Stewart for the Aspen Institute, January 14-February 5, 2000.