The Pew Research Center for the People and the Press Pew Global Attitudes Project: Iraq, One Year Later Survey (2004) 9 Countries Surveyed

United States – February 24 - 29, 2004 (N=1,000) Great Britain – February 23 - 29, 2004 (N=500) France – February 23 - 28, 2004 (N=504) Germany – February 23 - 29, 2004 (N=500) Russia – February 20 - 29, 2004 (N=1,002) Turkey – February 21 – March 1, 2004 (N=1,017) Pakistan – February 23 – March 3, 2004 (N=1,242) Jordan – February 24 - 29, 2004 (N=1,000) Morocco – February 19 - 24, 2004 (N=1,000)

NOTE: Data based on national samples except in Pakistan (predominantly) and Morocco (exclusively) urban.

Q.1 Now thinking about our country, overall, are you satisfied or dissatisfied with the way things are going in our country today?
Don't know/
Satisfied Dissatisfied Refused

	Satisfied	Dissatisfied	Refused
United States	39	55	6=100
Jan., 2004	45	48	7=100
Oct., 2003	38	56	6=100
April 8, 2003	50	41	9=100
Summer, 2002	41	55	4=100
March, 2002	50	40	10=100
Late Sept., 2001	57	34	9=100
Early Sept., 2001	41	53	6=100
Great Britain	38	58	4=100
May, 2003	46	49	5=100
March, 2003	30	63	7=100
Summer, 2002	32	64	4=100
France	32	68	*=100
May, 2003	44	56	*=100
March, 2003	31	67	2=100
Summer, 2002	32	67	1=100
Germany	20	78	2=100
May, 2003	25	73	2=100
March, 2003	18	79	3=100
Summer, 2002	31	66	2=99
Russia	26	69	5=100
May, 2003	28	64	9=101
March, 2003	35	58	7=100
Summer, 2002	20	71	9=100
Turkey	40	58	2=100
May, 2003	19	79	2=100



			Don't know/
	Satisfied	Dissatisfied	Refused
March, 2003	18	81	2=101
Summer, 2002	4	93	3=100
Pakistan	54	41	5=100
May, 2003	29	67	4=100
Summer, 2002	49	39	13=101
Jordan	59	30	11=100
May, 2003	42	56	2=100
Summer, 2002	21	78	1=100
Morocco	58	40	2=100
May, 2003	34	62	4=100

Q.2 Please tell me if you have a very favorable, somewhat favorable, somewhat unfavorable, or very unfavorable opinion of (insert)? [Rotate items a and b first, followed by rotating items c thru g]

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	Very <u>favorable</u>		omewhat <u>avorable</u>	Somewhat unfavorable	Very unfavorable	Don't know Refused
a. The United States	10101010	1	avorable	uniavorable	uniavorable	Kelused
U.S. $(Britain)^1$	33	73	40	9	3	14=99
May, 2003	33 49		33	6	3	8=100
February, 2003	49	82	33 42	5	4 2	
Aug., 1998	40 23	90	42 50	5	2 5	3=100
May, 1998	38	73	50	5	5	16=100 (1% Never Heard) 6=100
U.S. (France)	8	58	25	25	24	18=100
May, 2003	8	33	23	23	36	11=100
February, 2003	23	29	56	13	3	5=100
U.S. (Germany)	8	a second s	42	- 13 19	9	23=101
May, 2003	8	50	36	26	15	25 = 101 15 = 100
February, 2003	22	47	61	8	3	6=100
Aug., 1998	13	66	52	14	5	16=100
Great Britain	15	58.	43	24	10	8=100
May, 2003	18	20	52	14	12	5 = 101
May, 2005 March, 2003	14		34	24	16	11=99
Summer, 2002	27	48	48	12	4	9=100
	Chine and a second second second	and the second se	on some statement of the second			
France	6	3.7	31		2 20	1=100
May, 2003	9	43.	34	1 -	57 19 22	*=100
March, 2003	6 9	33	25	45	67 22	2=100
Summer, 2002			54	26	34 8	2=99
Germany	3	38	35	49	59 10	3=100
May, 2003	6	45.	39	42	12	1=100
March, 2003	4	25	21		30	4=100
Summer, 2002	9	61	52		35 4	4=100
Russia	9	117	38	29	15	10=101
May, 2003	11	36.	25	32	23	9=100
March, 2003	4	2.48	24	43	25	4=100
<i>Summer, 2002</i>	8	61	53	27	6	6=100
Turkey	6	30:	24	18	· 2 45	7=100
May, 2003	2		13	15	68	3=101
March, 2003	3	15.	9	17	67	5=101
		12				

¹ U.S. respondents were asked about Britain, France and Germany. In February, 2002, Gallup asked Americans: "I'd like your overall opinion of some foreign countries. First, is your overall opinion of (Great Britain/France/Germany) very favorable, mostly favorable, mostly unfavorable, or very unfavorable?" In May 1987 question wording was asked using a ladder rating scale.



	Very favorable	Somewhat favorable	Somewhat unfavorable	Very unfavorable	Don't know Refused
Summer, 2002	6	24	13	42	15=100
Pakistan	4 2	17	11	50	18=100
May, 2003	3	6 10	10	71	6=100
Summer, 2002	2 10	8	11	58	20=99
Jordan	2	5 3	26	67	1=99
May, 2003	*	1	16	83	0=100
Summer, 2002	6 20	5 19	18	57	*=100
Morocco	8	19	22	46	5=100
May, 2003	13	14	13	53	7=100
	d.				
b. Americans					
Great Britain	21	73 52	14	5	8=100
May, 2003	27	53	10	5	5=100
Summer, 2002	25	58	8	3	8=102
France	5	53 48	30	13	3=99
May, 2003	13	58 45	29	13	*=100
Summer, 2002	10	(F) 61	21	5	3=100
Germany	9	6% 59	20	5	6=99
May, 2003	15	52	22	7	4=100
Summer, 2002	12	58	20	3	7=100
Russia	15	51	18	8	11=101
May, 2003	17	48	18	7	10=100
Summer, 2002	9	58	21	3	9=100
Turkey May, 2003	6 5	26 27	21 17	32	15=100
Summer, 2002	5	27 26	17 12	43 38	8=100 19=100
Pakistan	5 0	5 20	12		
May, 2003	8	30	13	34 40	27=99 11=100
Summer, 2002	3	14	12	50	21 = 100
Jordan	4 7	17	40	33	6=100
May, 2003	3	15	36	46	*=100
Summer, 2002	21	32	17	29	1 = 100
Morocco	9 5	28	25	31	7=100
May, 2003	29	25	10	28	9=101
1149, 2005		54	10	20	9-101
c. The European Union		21			
United States	7	32 32	17	9	35=100 (7% Never Heard)
Early Sept., 2001		32	18	5	39=100 (20% Never Heard)
Great Britain	13	41	21	15	9=99
France	12	57	21	9	1=100
Germany	13	6 6 45	33	6	3=100
1991 ²	13	58	14	5	10=100
Russia	11	51	13	5	21=101
Turkey	22	59 36	15	20	7=100
Pakistan	3	19 16	11	22	48=100
Jordan Morocco	3 14	14	44 27	25 31	9=101
14101 0000	14	2 4/	21	23	9=100
		11			
		7.			

² 1991 wording was "The EEC."

The Pew Global Attitudes

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d. The United Nations

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d. 1 he	United Nations	Very	Somewhat	Somewhat	Very	Don't know
		avorable	favorable	unfavorable	unfavorable	Refused
	United States	14	41	20	15	10=100
MARE Forme	Le Early Sept., 2001	23 (3-18)	54 20-	12	6	5=100 (1% Never Heard)
willer 1 on	Aug., 1999	19	57	14	5	5=100
139 Ans 1271	June, 1999	19 69	51	16	7	7=100
E 100 000 101	517 Early Sept., 1998	14,190	55 0	16	7	8=100
550 49 400	Sept., 1997	11 19	53 20	5 19	9	8=100
	Feb., 1996	19 7 58	46 A	20	9	6=100 (1% Never Heard)
1 199 5 1910	June, 1995	14 201	53 M	(b) 20	8	5=100
V 199 42 196	27 J. Feb., 1995	13 - 341	o 49 U	18	8	12=100
nh in	July, 1994	21	55	14	5	5=100 (1% Never Heard)
	May, 1993	21 105	- 52	13	4	10=100
- · · · - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	May, 1990	15 05	55	13	6	11=100 (1% Never Heard)
DAYL TOM	Great Britain	22	42	14	4	7=99
	France	10 20	* 57	24	6	3=100
\$20 HBD	Germany	21	50	20	3	6=100
RED Bad	1991 Duccio	21	62	7	3	7=100
950 998	Russia	13	47	13	5	21=99
	1991	21	59	3	1	16=100
	Turkey	13	38	16	19	14=100
	Pakistan	9	26	10	17	38=100
	Jordan	6	15	26	47	6=100
	Morocco	6	19	27	38	10=100
M R e. Jew		26	41	C.		15 100
	United States Mid-July, 2003	36 20	41 52	6 6	2 3	15=100
	June, 2003	25	52 54	6	2 2	19=100 (1% Never Heard) 13=100
F220 281	March, 2002	18	56	7	2	13 = 100 17 = 100
	Mid-Nov., 2002	24	51	5	2	17 = 100 18 = 100
428 302	March, 2001	16	56	8	2	18 = 100 18 = 100
211	Sept., 2000 (RV's)	27	50	5	3	15=100
79% Hb	June, 1997	26	56	7	2	9=100 (1% Never Heard)
53	Great Britain	23	53	6	3	15=100
6m	France ³	28 %	53	8	3	8=100
11 00	1991	14 0	58	11	3	14=100
0 19 2le	Germany	10 13	53	16	4	17=100
ari 8%.	1991	5 57	47	18	6	24=100
9.6. 8%.	Russia	18 66	47	17	8	10=100
The second se	1992		5 54	15	7	13=100
aco 998	1991	9	49	18	8	16=100
950 998 DETALS	Turkey	6	21	17	32	23=99
namí	Pakistan	1	2	7	73	17=100
181102	Jordan	N/A				=100
(Morocco	1	5	11	81	2=100

³Question introduction for France, Germany, and Russia was worded, respectively, "I'd like you to rate some different groups of people in (Western Europe/Germany/Russia) according to how you feel about them."

1.	f. Christ	tians								
M	F	United States	55		29	5		1	10=100	
		Great Britain	36		48	5		1	9=99	
2 497a	SP2 and	France	34		50	7		2	6=99	
- 31	211 (94)	Germany	15		60	13		3	9=100	
715	294	Russia	44		49	2	1	1	4=100	
	11.2	Turkey	6		25	19	52	33	17=100	
53	42	Pakistan	4		20	17	and the	45	15=101	
M (7)	14 (9)	Jordan	N/A					15	=100	
IL		Morocco	2		21	31		42	4=100	
Act	agg, g. Musl	ims								
150		United States	13		35	18		14	20=100 (1% Never Heard)
		Mid-July, 2003	9	1	38	19		12		1% Never Heard)
		June, 2003	12	18	38	20		10	20=100 (1% Never Heard)
		March, 2002	7	Ya	40	18		11		1% Never Heard)
	1 -	Great Britain	18	1	49	12		6	16=101	
A	IF	France	16	61	48	20		9	7=100	
	1	1991 (N. Africans)	7		42	30		12	9=100	
		Germany	5	1	36	35		11	13=100	
- 117	141	1991(Turks)	3	(gr	32	32		14	19=100	
PIIT		Russia	15	19 1	38	23		15	11=100	
- 349	331	Turkey	66		22	6		3	3=100	
(m)	(47	Pakistan	87		10	1		1	1=100	
49)		Jordan	N/A						=100	
i.	1173	Morocco	70		20	6		3	1=100	
184	t 1 12-13	0)								

From what you know, do people from our country who move to the U.S. have a better life there, a worse life there, or is life neither better nor worse there?

•					Don't know	Don't know/
		Better	Worse	Neither	Anyone (VOL)	Refused
aga	United States	88	1	6	1	4=100
110	Great Britain	41	6	35	10	7=99
	France	24	12	57	6	2=101
	Germany	14	16	58	3	10=101
	Russia	53	10	17	13	7=100
	Turkey	50	19	14	6	10=99
	Pakistan	30	28	19	8	15=100
	Jordan	31	21	28	16	4=100
	Morocco	47	27	17	4	5=100

Q.4 In making international policy decisions, to what extent do you think the United States takes into account the interests of countries like (survey country) – a great deal, a fair amount, not too much or not at all?

	A great <u>deal</u>	A fair amount	Not too much	Not much at all	Don't know/ Refused
United States ⁴	34 (10)	36	21	6	3=100
May, 2003	28	45	19	6	2=100
Summer, 2002	31	44	17	3	5=100
Great Britain	7 (26)	29	43	18	3=100
May, 2003	7	37	39	16	1=100
Summer, 2002	11	33	37	15	3=99

⁴ U.S. respondents were asked "takes into account the interests of other countries around the world."



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	A great	A fair	Not	Not	Don't know/
	deal	amount	too much	much at all	Refused
France	3 (14)	11	51 C	33	2=100
May, 2003	1 4	13	44	41	*=99
Summer, 2002	4	17	50	26	2=99
Germany	3 (20)	26	47	22	2=100
May, 2003	3	29	42	24	2=100
Summer, 2002	9	44	35	10	2=100
Russia	5	15	43 7	30	7=100
May, 2003	7 24	15	38	33	7=100
Summer, 2002	3	18	45	25	9=100
Turkey	5 (1)	9	35 (1	9 44	7=100
May, 2003	3	6	28	58	5=100
Summer, 2002	5	11	27	47	10=100
Pakistan	3 ()	15	16	K 32	34=100
May, 2003	4	19	22	40	15=100
Summer, 2002	5	18	9	27	41=100
Jordan	1 (16	15	38	2 2 39	7=100
May, 2003	3	16	44	36	1=100
Summer, 2002	7	21	35	36	1=100
Morocco	9 (34)	25	16 6	7 41	8=99
May, 2003	13	18	17	46	6=100

Q.5 Do you think the partnership between the U.S. and Western Europe should remain as close as it has been or do you think that Western Europe should take a more independent approach to security and diplomatic affairs than it has in the past?

the past.			
	Remain	More	Don't know/
	as close	independent	Refused
United States ⁵	55	36	9=100
May, 2003	53	39	8=100
February, 2003	62	29	9=100
Great Britain	40	56	4=100
May, 2003	51	45	4=100
March, 2003	40	48	12=100
April, 2002	48	47	5=100
France	21	75	4=100
May, 2003	23	76	1=100
March, 2003	30	67	4=101
April, 2002	33	60	7=100
Germany	36	63	1=100
May, 2003	42	57	1=100
March, 2003	46	52	3=101
April, 2002	44	51	5=100
Russia	24	56	20=100
May, 2003	17	60	23=100
March, 2003	17	72	11=100
Turkey	22	60	18=100
May, 2003	16	62	22=100
March, 2003	17	62	21=100

⁵ U.S. respondents were asked "...or do you think that the U.S. should take a more independent approach to security and diplomatic affairs than it has in the past?"

Q.6 In your opinion, would it be a good thing or a bad thing if the European Union becomes as powerful as the U.S.?

			Don't know/
	Good	Bad	Refused
United States	33	50	17=100
Great Britain	50	39	11=100
France	90	9	1=100
Germany	70	22	8=100
Russia	67	12	21=100
Turkey	67	21	11=99

[IF GOOD THING IN Q.6 ASK:]

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Q.6b Would you favor this even if it means that Europe would have to pay the costs of taking greater responsibility for international problems, or wouldn't you favor it in that case?

	Yes,	No,	Don't know/
	still favor	wouldn't favor	Refused
Great Britain	41	7	2=50
France	77	12	1=90
Germany	46	22	2=70
Russia	52	7	8=67
Turkey	49	12	6=67

Q.7 Now a question about using military force, do you think (survey country) should have U.N. approval before it uses military force to deal with an international threat or do you think that would make it too difficult for our country to deal with international threats?

			Don't know/
	U.N. Approval	Too Difficult	Refused
United States	41	48	10=99
Great Britain	64	30	6=100
France	63	35	2=100
Germany	80	15	6=101
Russia	37	41	21=99
Turkey	45	44	11=100
Pakistan	38	34	28=100
Jordan	47	38	15=100
Morocco	42	42	16=100

Q.8 Please tell me if you have a very favorable, somewhat favorable, somewhat unfavorable or very unfavorable opinion of (insert). [Item e not asked in the United States.

a. Pakistani President Pervez	Very <u>favorable</u> Musharraf	Somewhat <u>favorable⁶</u>	Somewhat <u>unfavorable</u>	Very <u>unfavorable</u>	Don't know/ <u>Refused</u>
United States	4	23	20	12	41=100 (13%= Never Heard)
Great Britain	4	26	18	7	46=101
France	*	23	33	11	33=100
Germany	1	15	37	7	40=100
Russia	2	15	16	6	61=100
Turkey	15	27	7	9	41=100
Pakistan	60	26	3	5	6=100

⁶ For items b, c, and d, U.S. trends and 1991 response categories were "very favorable, mostly favorable, mostly unfavorable, very unfavorable."



	Very	Somewhat	Somewhat	Very	Don't know/	
	favorable	favorable ⁷	unfavorable	unfavorable	Refused	
Jordan	14	21	13	17	35=100	
Morocco	2	11	13	30	44=100	
b. French President Jacques C						
United States	4	21	26	22	26=99	(9%= Never Heard)
Great Britain	4	-33	29	16	18=100	
France	9 60		27	13	*=100	
Germany	9 70		22	2	6=100	
<i>1991⁸</i>	13	54	16	3	14=100	
Russia	10	53	9	3	25=100	
Turkey	5	17	17	28	33=100	
Pakistan	3	11	7	16	63=100	
Jordan	15	18	24	35	8=100	
Morocco	32	31	15	17	4=99	
c. U.S. President George W. I	Bush					
United States	31	30	14	22	3=100	
April 11-16, 200	03 37	35	14	11	3=100	
Great Britain	10 34	29	25	32	4=100	
France	3	12	33 /	52	1=101	
Germany	1	13	46 9.	\$ 39	1=100	1
1991 ⁹	18	57	16	5	4=100	01
Russia	4	24	35	25	12=100	05
1991	9	63	8	2	18=100	26
Turkey	4	17	13	54	12=100	2
Pakistan	2	5	5	62	25=99	R. Kon
Jordan	1	2	31	65	1=100	60
Morocco	2	6	14	76	2=100	
d. British Prime Minister Ton	v Blair					
United States	37	38	7	4	14=100	(4%= Never Heard)
April,11-16 200	3 32	36	7	3	22=100	(10%= Never Heard)
Great Britain	14	37	24 4	7 23	2=100	(11) 1000 1000 1000
France	2 6	33	43 7	20	2=100	
Germany	2	31	47	15	5=100	
Russia	4	32	25	12	26=99	
Turkey	4	15	16	43	22=100	
Pakistan	1	6	7	50	36=100	
Jordan	3	6	34	50	7=100	
Morocco	1	5	17	70	7=100	
e. Osama bin Laden						
Great Britain	1	2	7	85	4=99	
France	1	3	10	83	3=100	
Germany	*	2	12	84	2=100	
					- 100	

⁷ For items b, c, and d, U.S. trends and 1991 response categories were "very favorable, mostly favorable, mostly unfavorable, very unfavorable."
⁸ In 1991, Germany was asked about François Mitterrand.
⁹ In 1991, Germany and Russia were asked about George Bush Sr.



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	Very favorable	Somewhat favorable ¹⁰	Somewhat unfavorable	Very unfavorable	Don't know/ Refused	
Russia	1	2	13	74	10=100	
Turkey	4	1 7	8 7	5 67	14=100	
Pakistan	40	25	4	5	26=100	
Jordan	31	24	20	19	7=101	
Morocco	21	24	17	25	13=100	
f. U.N. Secretary General Kot						
United States	10	32	14	9	34=99	(16% Never Heard)
Great Britain	26	55 39	9	6	20=100	
France	25	54	12	3	5=99	
Germany	36	38	11	*	15=100	
Russia	10	43	11	5	31=100	
Turkey	10	33	15	21	21=100	
Pakistan	7	22	8	13	51=101	
Jordan	18	23	29	25	5=100	
Morocco	3	9	23	55	10=100	

Q.9

Which of the following phrases comes closer to your view? I favor the US-led efforts to fight terrorism, OR I oppose the US-led efforts to fight terrorism.

	Favor war	Oppose war	Don't know/
	on terrorism	on terrorism	Refused
United States	81	13	6=100
Summer, 2002	89	8	3=100
Great Britain	63	30	7=100
May, 2003	63	30	7=100
Summer, 2002	69	23	8=100
France	50	47	3=100
May, 2003	60	39	1=100
Summer, 2002	75	23	3=101
Germany	55	43	2=100
May, 2003	60	35	5=100
Summer, 2002	70	25	5=100
Russia	73	20	7=100
May, 2003	51	28	21=100
Summer, 2002	73	16	11=100
Turkey	37	56	7=100
May, 2003	22	71	7=100
Summer, 2002	30	58	12=100
Pakistan	16	60	25=101
May, 2003	16	74	10=100
Summer, 2002	20	45	35=100
Jordan	12	78	10=100
May, 2003	2	97	1=100
Summer, 2002	13	85	2=100
Morocco	28	66	6=100
May, 2003	9	84	7=100

¹⁰ For items b, c, and d, U.S. trends and 1991 response categories were "very favorable, mostly favorable, mostly unfavorable, very unfavorable."



Q.10 Which of the following phrases comes closer to your point of view? The U.S. is right to be so concerned about the threat of international terrorism OR the U.S. is over reacting to the threat of international terrorism.

	U.S. right to be concerned	U.S. over reacting to terrorism threat	Don't know/ Refused
United States	84	13	3=100
Great Britain	64	33	3=100
April, 2002	77	20	3=100
France	42	57	2=101
April, 2002	67	30	3=100
Germany	49	49	2=100
April, 2002	63	33	4=100
Russia	58	34	8=100
Turkey	33	55	13=101
Pakistan	8	66	26=100
Jordan	15	76	9=100
Morocco	20	72	8=100

Do you think the U.S. led war on terrorism is a sincere effort to reduce international terrorism or don't you believe Q.11 that?

					If "Not sincere" or Both"				
					important reasons (See Q.12)				
	Sincere	Not	Both	Don't know/	To control	To target	To protect	To dominate	
	<u>effort</u>	sincere	(VOL.)	Refused	<u>Mideast Oil</u>	Muslim	<u>Israel</u>	the world	
United States	67	25	2	6=100	18	13	11	13	
Great Britain	51	41	3	5=100	33	21	19	24	
France	35	61	2	2=100	58 -	44	23	53 -	
Germany	29	65-	1	5=100	60	40	30	47	
Russia	35	48 -	9	8=100	51	25	11	44	
Turkey	20	64	7	10=101	64	47	+45	61	
Pakistan	6	58 -	5	31=100	54	51	44	55	
Jordan	11	51-	24	14=100	71	53	70	61	
Morocco	17	66	4	13=100	63	46	54	60	

HOW TO READ THIS TABLE: Those answering "not sincere" or "both" were asked a list of items and asked if it was an important reason why the U.S. is conducting the war on terrorism. This table shows those responding "yes" to the important reason. Each item is listed in full detail below.

[IF "NOT SINCERE" OR "BOTH" IN Q11 ASK:]

Q.12 Why do you think the U.S. is conducting the war on terrorism? Is (insert) an important reason why the U.S. is doing this or not?

a. To control Mideast oil

ntrol Mideast oil			Don't know/
	Yes	No	Refused
United States	18	8	1=27
Great Britain	33	7	3=43
France	58	5	*=63
Germany	60	5	2=67
Russia	51	3	2=56
Turkey	64	3	3=70
Pakistan	54	3	5=62
Jordan	71	4	*=75
Morocco	63	4	3=70



b. To target Muslim governments and groups it sees as unfriendly

anget mathematic ge term	mento una Broapo	it beeb ub uninit	iller y
			Don't know/
	Yes	No	Refused
United States	13	11	3=27
Great Britain	21	18	4=43
France	44	16	3=63
Germany	40	21	5=66
Russia	25	17	14=56
Turkey	47	15	8=70
Pakistan	51	8	4=63
Jordan	53	18	4=75
Morocco	46	16	8=70

c. To protect Israel

.

			Don't know/
	Yes	No	Refused
United States	11	14	2=27
Great Britain	19	20	4=43
France	23	38	2=63
Germany	30	30	6=66
Russia	11	31	14=56
Turkey	45	15	10=70
Pakistan	44	10	8=62
Jordan	69	3	3=75
Morocco	54	10	6=70
	0.	10	0 /0
			Don't know/
	Yes	No	Refused
d. To dominate the world			
United States	13	14	1=28
Great Britain	24	17	2=43
France	53	10	*=63
Germany	46	18	2=66
Russia	44	7	6=57
Turkey	61	4	6=71
Pakistan	55	5	3=63
Jordan	61	13	1=75
Morocco			
IVIOI OCCO	60	4	5=69

Q.13 Some people think that suicide bombing and other forms of violence against civilian targets are justified in order to defend Islam from its enemies. Other people believe that, no matter what the reason, this kind of violence is never justified. Do you personally feel that this kind of violence is often justified to defend Islam, sometimes justified, rarely justified, or never justified?

	Often justified	Sometimes justified	Rarely justified	Never	Don't know/ Refused
Turkey	6	9	9	67	9=100
Summer, 2002	4	9	7	64	14=98
Pakistan	27	14	8	35	17=101
Summer, 2002	19	14	5	38	23=99
Jordan	See Below				
Summer, 2002	15	28	22	26	8=99
Morocco	16	24	15	38	8=101



Q.13a Some people think that suicide bombing and other forms of violence against civilian targets are justified. Other people believe that, no matter what the reason, this kind of violence is never justified. Do you personally feel that this kind of violence is often justified to defend Islam, sometimes justified, rarely justified, or never justified?

Jordan ¹¹	32	50	14	3	1=100

Q.14 What about suicide bombing carried out by Palestinians against Israeli citizens? Do you personally believe that this is justifiable or not justifiable?

		Not	Don't know/
	Justifiable	Justifiable	Refused
Turkey	24	67	10=101
Pakistan	47	36	17=100
Jordan	86	12	3=101
Morocco	74	22	4=100

Q.15 What about suicide bombing carried out against Americans and other Westerners in Iraq? Do you personally believe that this is justifiable or not justifiable?

		Not	Don't know/
	Justifiable	Justifiable	Refused
Turkey	31	59	10=100
Pakistan	46	36	19=101
Jordan	70	24	6=100
Morocco	66	27	7=100

Q.16 Do you think the world would be a safer place or more dangerous place if there was another country that was equal in power to the United States?

	Safer <u>place</u>	More <u>dangerous</u>	Don't know/ <u>Refused</u>
United States	30	50	20=100
Great Britain	42	43	15=100
France	54	41	5=100
Germany	37	47	16=100
Russia	37	44	19=100
Turkey	41	46	14=101
Pakistan	18	61	21=100
Jordan	29	53	17=99
Morocco	21	65	15=101

[ASKED IN GREAT BRITAIN AND THE U.S.]

Q.17 On the subject of Iraq, did (survey country) make the right decision or the wrong decision to use military force against Iraq?

			Don't know/
	Right decision	Wrong decision	Refused
United States	60	32	8=100
Early Feb., 2004	56	39	5=100
Mid-Jan., 2004	65	30	5=100
Early Jan., 2004	62	28	10=100
Dec., 2003	67	26	7=100

¹¹ Original question wording in Jordan was not allowed in this round of polling. The phrase "in order to defend Islam from its enemies" was stricken."



	Don't know/		
	Right decision	Wrong decision	Refused
Oct., 2003	60	33	7=100
Aug., 2003	63	30	7=100
May, 2003	74	20	6=100
April 8-9, 2003	74	19	7=100
March 20-24, 2003	72	22	6=100
Late Jan., 1991	77	15	8=100
Great Britain	43	47	10=100
May, 2003	61	34	5=100

[ASKED IN FRANCE, GERMANY, RUSSIA, TURKEY, PAKISTAN, JORDAN AND MOROCCO]

Q.18 On the subject of Iraq, did (survey country) make the right decision or the wrong decision to not use military force against Iraq?

.			Don't know/
	Right decision	Wrong decision	Refused
France	88	11	1=100
May, 2003	83	16	1=100
Germany	86	11	3=100
May, 2003	80	19	1=100
Russia	83	10	6=99
May, 2003	89	7	4=100
Turkey	72	22	7=100
Pakistan	68	12	20=100
May, 2003	73	21	6=100
Jordan	87	3	10=100
May, 2003	95	4	1=100
Morocco	84	9	8=101
May, 2003	88	7	5=100

Q.19 Do you think the people of Iraq will be better off or worse off in the long run than they were, now that Saddam Hussein has been removed from power by the U.S. and its allies?¹²

			Don't know/
	Better off	Worse off	Refused
United States	84	9	7=100
May, 2003	87	6	7=100
March, 2003	79	8	13=100
Great Britain	82	11	7=100
May, 2003	85	7	8=100
March, 2003	76	8	16=100
France	67	27	6=100
May, 2003	76	21	3=100
March, 2003	73	14	13=100
Germany	65	27	8=100
May, 2003	76	15	9=100
March, 2003	71	15	14=100

¹² In March 2003 the question was worded: "If Iraq is disarmed and Saddam Hussein is removed from power by the U.S. and its allies, do you think the people of Iraq will be better off or worse off than they are now?"



Russia	Better off 31	$\frac{\text{Worse off}}{37}$	Don't know/ <u>Refused</u> 31=99
May, 2003	27	25	48 = 100
March, 2003	20	40	40=100
Turkey	41	44	16=101
May, 2003	37	45	18=100
March, 2003	33	52	15=100
Pakistan	8	61	31=100
May, 2003	17	60	23=100
Jordan	25	70	5=100
May, 2003	19	80	1=100
Morocco	37	48	15=100
May, 2003	24	53	23=100

Q.20

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Q.21

115

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147

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N31

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43

In rebuilding Iraq, how good a job are the U.S. and its allies doing in taking into account the needs and interests of the Iraqi people? Is the coalition doing an excellent job, a good job, only a fair job, or a poor job in taking into consideration the interests and needs of the Iraqi people?

			Only		Don't know/
	Excellent	Good	Fair	Poor	Refused
United States	13	37	31	9	10=100
May, 2003	18	41	26	6	9=100
Great Britain	4	26	47	16	7=100
May, 2003	8	33	36	14	9=100
France	2	33	47	13	5=100
May, 2003	4	41	41	13	2=101
Germany	1	15	59	21	4=100
May, 2003	2	21	55	15	7=100
Russia	1	12	36	39	12=100
May, 2003	2	8	39	39	12=100
Turkey	1	15	31	38	14=99
May, 2003	3	20	27	36	15=101
Pakistan	3	7	18	34	38=100
May, 2003	4	10	17	43	26=100
Jordan	6	21	28	37	9=101
May, 2003	2	15	25	55	3=100
Morocco	4	12	31	37	16=100
May, 2003	3	8	20	47	22=100

In the next 12 months do you believe that a stable government will be established in Iraq or do you think it will take longer than that?

	Stable	Take	Don't know/
	government	Longer	Refused
United States	13	83	4=100
Great Britain	8	89	2=99
France	6	93	1=100
Germany	6	93	1=100
Russia	14	70	16=100

The Pew Global Attitudes 14

	Stable	Take	Don't know/
	government	Longer	Refused
Turkey	12	78	10=100
Pakistan	5	58	36=99
Jordan	33	51	16=100
Morocco	8	79	13=100

Q.22

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Who do you think could do the best job at helping the Iraqi people form a stable government—the United States and its allies or the United Nations?

	U.S. & Allies	The U.N.	Both [VOL.]	Neither [VOL.]	Don't know/ Refused
United States	42	46	4	2	7=101
Great Britain	10	82	3	2	3=100
France	8	82	2	4	4=100
Germany	8	84	2	2	3=99
Russia	9	47	12	14	18=100
Turkey	11	59	6	10	14=100
Pakistan	4	43	3	16	34=100
Jordan	5	15	21	49	10=100
Morocco	17	22	9	34	18=100

Here are a few questions about the war in Iraq may have changed your opinion of the U.S. Q.23 Did the U.S. military show itself to be stronger or weaker than you expected?

	Stronger	Weaker	Same [VOL.]	Don't know/ Refused
United States	73	14	9	<u>4=100</u>
Great Britain	46	32	14	8=100
France	29	53	14	4=100
Germany	27	61	6	6=100
Russia	23	36	29	12=100
Turkey	31	56	4	9=100
Pakistan	21	46	3	30=100
Jordan	47	21	26	6=100
Morocco	48	31	13	8=100

Q.24 As a consequence of the war, do you have more confidence or less confidence that the U.S. is trustworthy?

	More	Less	Same	Don't know/ <u>Refused</u>
United States	58	29	6	7=100
Great Britain	24	58	12	6=100
France	14	78	6	2=100
Germany	10	82	5	3=100
Russia	8	63	21	8=100
Turkey	8	74	11	7=100
Pakistan	5	64	7	24=100
Jordan	4	50	38	8=100
Morocco	12	72	7	9=100



Q.25 And, as a consequence of the war, do you have more confidence or less confidence that the U.S. wants to promote democracy all around the world?

	More	Less	Same [VOL.]	Don't know/ Refused
United States	69	21	3	7=100
Great Britain	41	45	5	9=100
France	16	78	3	3=100
Germany	24	70	3	3=100
Russia	14	53	21	12=100
Turkey	9	73	9	8=99
Pakistan	5	57	5	33=100
Jordan	7	56	28	9=100
Morocco	15	66	8	11=100

Q.26 Do you think the war in Iraq has helped the war on terrorism, or has it hurt the war on terrorism?

			No Effect	Don't know/
	Helped	Hurt	[VOL.]	Refused
United States	62	28	3	7=100
Dec., 2003	59	26	6	9=100
Sept., 2003	54	31	7	8=100
May, 2003	65	22	6	7=100
April 8-9, 2003	63	22		15=100
Great Britain	36	50	5	8=99
France	33	55	10	2=100
Germany	30	58	5	7=100
Russia	22	50	18	10=100
Turkey	24	56	8	12=100
Pakistan	8	57	6	29=100
Jordan	12	36	37	15=100
Morocco	16	67	8	9=100

Q.27 Before the war, the U.S. and Britain claimed that Iraq had weapons of mass destruction. These weapons have yet to be found. Why do you think they made this claim? Was it mostly because U.S. and British leaders were themselves misinformed by bad intelligence, or was it mostly because U.S. and British leaders lied to provide a reason for invading Iraq?

			If "Leaders	Lied" (See Q.27b)	WMD might	
	Leaders	Leaders (Chose to believ	ve Knew Iraq	still be found	Don't know/
	Misinformed	Lied	<u>intelligence</u>	had no weapons	[VOL.]	Refused
United States	49	31	22	9	9	11=100
Great Britain	48	41	27	13	3	7=99
France	15	82	30	50	*	3=100
Germany	22	69 com	37	30	2	7=100
Russia	17	61	16	40	8	14=100
Turkey	14	66	19	44	6	14=100
Pakistan	8	61 -	13	43	2	29=100
Jordan	22	69	43	25	6	3=100
Morocco	21	48 -	12	35	14	18=101



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[IF LIED IN Q27 ASK:]

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Q27b Do you think U.S. and British leaders knew Iraq had no weapons, or did they simply choose to believe only the intelligence that supported going to war?

	Chose to believe intelligence	Knew Iraq had no weapons	Don't know/ <u>Refused</u> (<u>N)</u>
U.S.	22	9	*=31 N=606
Great Britain	27	13	1=41 N=205
France	30	50	2=82 N=411
Germany	37	30	2=69 N=346
Russia	16	40	5=61 N=610
Turkey	19	44	2=66 N=668
Pakistan	13	43	4=60 N=751
Jordan	43	25	1=69 N=688
Morocco	12	35	2=49 N=478

Q.28 Now thinking about the dispute between Israel and the Palestinians, which side do you sympathize with more, Israel or the Palestinians?

or the Palestinians?					
			Both	Neither	Don't know
	Israel	Palestinians	(VOL.)	(VOL.)	Refused
United States	46	12	8	15	19=99
Mid-July, 2003	41	13	8	18	20=100
April, 2002	41	13	6	21	19=100
Mid-Oct., 2001	47	10	8	18	17=100
Early Sept., 2001	40	17	6	23	14=100
Sept. 1997	48	13	5	16	18=100
Sept. 1993	45	21	3	18	12=100
Chicago CFR 1990) 34	13	7	26	20=100
Chicago CFR 1978	3 38	12	8	15	13=100
Great Britain	22	28	15	18	17=100
April, 2002	17	28	11	23	21=100
France	20	28	11	30	11=100
April, 2002	19	36	8	25	12=100
Germany	24	24	7	32	12=99
April, 2002	24	26	4	33	13=100
Russia	23	14	15	34	14=100
Turkey	6	63	4	16	11=100
Pakistan	1-	81	1	2	14=99
Jordan	1	93	*	4	2=100
Morocco	1	96	2	1	1=101

Q.29 Do you think the U.S. government favors or opposes democracy in our country?

			Don't know/
	Favors	Opposes	Refused
Pakistan	28	36	36=100
Jordan	43	44	13=100
Morocco	51	27	22=100



Q.29b Now that Saddam Hussein has been removed from power by the U.S. and its allies, do you think the Middle East region will become much more democratic, somewhat more democratic, or will there be no change in the region?

	Much more democratic	Somewhat more <u>democratic</u>	No <u>change</u>	Don't know/ <u>Refused</u>
United States	9	50	34	6=100
May, 2003	14	55	27	4=100
Great Britain	12	35	49	4=100
May, 2003	16	44	37	4=101
France	3	29	67	1=100
May, 2003	5	42	52	1=100
Germany	3	45	50	2=100
May, 2003	8	59	31	2=100
Russia	9	20	52	19=100
May, 2003	9	28	42	22=101
Turkey	9	33	47	11=100
May, 2003	11	38	39	13=101
Pakistan	2	12	43	43=100
May, 2003	8	19	45	28=100
Jordan	12	21	56	11=100
May, 2003	6	31	59	4=100
Morocco	13	29	37	20=100
May, 2003	12	29	31	28=100

ABOUT THE MARCH 2004 GLOBAL ATTITUDES SURVEY

Results for the survey of 9 countries are based on telephone and face-to-face interviews conducted under the direction of Princeton Survey Research Associates International. Telephone interviews were conducted among a nationwide, representative sample of 1,000 adults, 18 years of age or older, in the United States, 500 in Great Britain, 503 in France, and 500 in Germany. The fieldwork was conducted by NOP in Great Britain between February 23-29, 2004, by IFOP in France between February 23-28, 2004, by TNS-Emnid in Germany between February 23-29, 2004, and by Princeton Data Source in the U.S. between February 24-29, 2004.

Face-to-face interviews were conducted among a nation-wide representative sample of 1,000 adults in Jordan, 1,002 in Russia, and 1,017 in Turkey. The fieldwork was conducted by MRO in Jordan between February 24-29, 2004, by ROMIR in Russia between February 20-29, 2004, and by TNS Piar in Turkey between February 21 and March 1, 2004. In Morocco, 1,000 face-to-face interviews of adults 18-59 years of age were conducted in four major cities by Synovate Market Research between February 19-24, 2004. In Pakistan, 1,220 predominantly urban face-to-face interviews were conducted by ACNielsen between February 23-March 3, 2004.

For results based on the total sample in countries where the sample size is more than 900 (the U.S, Russia, Jordan, Turkey, Morocco, and Pakistan), one can say with xx% confidence that the error attributable to sampling and other random effects is plus or minus x percentage points. In countries where the sample size is approximately 500 (Great Britain, France, and Germany), the margin of error is x percentage points.

In addition to sampling error, one should bear in mind that question wording and practical difficulties in conducting surveys can introduce error or bias into the findings of opinion polls.



(Print Version)

Pew Research Center for the People & the Press Commentary

A Global Generation Gap

Adapting to a New World

Released: February 24, 2004

Generational differences fuel much of current social and political tension in Western Europe and the United States over globalization, nationalism and immigration, according to an indepth analysis of results from the Pew Global Attitudes surveys. Older Americans and Western Europeans are more likely than their grandchildren to have reservations about growing global interconnectedness, to worry that their way of life is threatened, to feel that their culture is superior to others and to support restrictions on immigration. This generation gap is less pronounced in Eastern Europe and is virtually nonexistent in Asia, Africa and the Middle East. Nevertheless, Americans and Western Europeans of all ages are less likely than people in other parts of the world to tout their own cultural superiority and are less wary of foreign influence. These findings are based on the Pew *Global Attitudes Project*'s surveys conducted during 2002 and 2003 among more than 66,000 people in 49 nations plus the Palestinian Authority.

Throughout the world, there is a tension in opinion brought on by the push and pull of globalization. Strong majorities in all regions believe that increased global interconnectedness is a good thing. But globalization is more popular among the youth of the world. Everywhere but Latin America, young people are more likely than their elders to see advantages in increased global trade and communication, and they are more likely to embrace "globalization" per se¹. This hesitation among some older citizens to embrace the movement toward globalization may be due in part to latent nationalism. Trend data from the World Values Survey², in successive surveys over the past 20 years, show that for the last two decades older people in the U.S. and throughout Western Europe have consistently expressed more national pride than a generation of older citizens.

	Age			
	18-29	30-49	50-64	65+
	%	%	%	%
North America	43	35	35	27
Western Europe	41	37	40	36
Eastern Europe	39	30	30	7
Latin America	36	36	44	45
West Africa	75	66	58	61
East/South Africa	59	51	48	31
Conflict Area*	50	50	45	39

Mixed Support for Globalization

communication?" *Countries included in the Middle East/Conflict area are Egypt, Jordan, Lebanon, Pakistan, Turkey and Uzbekistan.

through greater economic trade and faster

Whose Culture is Best?

The Global Attitudes survey shows that people all over the world and of all ages are proud of their cultures. Yet it is only in the West (North America and Western Europe) where that pride is markedly stronger among the older generations, while younger people tend to be less wedded to their cultural identities.

In the U.S., 68% of those ages 65 and older agree with the statement "our people are not perfect, but our culture is superior," while only 49% of those ages 18-29 agree. The generation gap in Western Europe is similar. More than half of older Western Europeans (53%) are culturally chauvinistic, compared with only one-in-three (32%) of their younger counterparts. The difference between generations is particularly apparent in France, where

only 21% of those under age 30 support the notion of cultural superiority while 56% of those aged 65 and older say French culture is superior.

Eastern Europeans overall are more likely than their Western counterparts to say that their culture is superior. However, generational differences are not as sharp or as consistent as those seen in the US and Western Europe. In Bulgaria, Russia and Ukraine, citizens of all ages agree about the superiority of their respective cultures. In the Czech Republic, Poland and Slovak Republic, there are differences in perspective across age groups.

In Africa and Latin America, strong majorities, cutting across almost all ages, believe their culture is superior. In Asia, feelings of cultural superiority are even more intense. There are no major generation gaps in the region, except in Japan, where 84% of older people think that their culture is superior, compared with only 56% of those under age 30 who hold that view.

Older Citizens See Culture as Superior					
Age					
	18-29	30-49	50-64	65+	
	%	%	%	%	
North America	49	56	71	68	
United States	49	56	71	68	
Canada	46	42	56	57	
Western Europe	32	32	43	53	
France	21	22	50	56	
Germany	33	36	45	46	
Italy	46	57	55	64	
Britain	36	31	39	51	
Eastern Europe	57	62	60	58	
Bulgaria	75	75	75	78	
Czech Rep.	47	47	53	68	
Poland	53	49	68	60	
Russia	58	63	62	59	
Slovak Rep.	53	47	51	65	
Ukraine	49	52	54	50	
Percent who agree "o our culture is superio		le are n	ot perfec	t, but	

Protecting "Our Way of Life"

Despite the general attraction of globalization and possibly, as a reflection of their sense of cultural superiority, solid majorities everywhere think that their way of life needs to be protected against foreign influence. In most parts of the world, that desire cuts across all age groups. However, in the U.S., Western Europe and parts of Eastern Europe, older people are much more worried than the young about defending their country's way of life.

In the U.S., seven-in-ten (71%) people ages 65 and older want to shield their way of life from foreign influence, while just over half (55%) of those ages 18 to 29 agree. This generation gap is even greater in France, Germany and Britain, where older people are twice as likely as young people to be worried about erosion of their way of life. Generational differences are less consistent in Eastern Europe. Concern is greatest among older people in Russia and Ukraine, while young Czechs are more worried than their elders about foreign influence.

Africans, Asians, Latin Americans and people living in the Middle East are generally even more worried than Americans and Europeans about a pernicious foreign influence on their way of life, but that concern is broadly shared across generations, with little significant difference between age groups.

Putting the Brakes on Immigration

Skepticism about foreign influence is evident in widespread, intense antipathy toward immigration. Majorities in nearly every country surveyed support tougher restrictions on people entering their countries. Immigrants are particularly unpopular across Europe, especially among the older generation, where half of those surveyed *completely agree* with the need for additional immigration controls. The anti-immigrant generation gap is widest in

France, where more than half (53%) of those ages 65 and older *completely agree* that immigration should be restricted. Only a quarter (24%) of younger French men and women shared such strong views.

Anti-immigrant sentiment also runs high in the United States, especially among older Americans. Half (50%) of those ages 65 and older strongly support new controls on entry of people into the country. Only four-in-ten (40%) young people share that intensity of sentiment.

Support for greater immigration controls also is widespread in Africa, Asia and Latin America, without the generational differences seen in Europe and the United States. The principal exception is Japan, where older people are much more vehement than younger people that foreigners should face restrictions for entering their country. Fully 64% of Japanese ages 65 and older say there should be more control over foreign immigration. Only 12% of those ages 18-29 agree.

Intensity of Support for Restricting Immigration				
		Aş	7e	u.u.
		30-49		65+
	%	%	%	%
North America	40	43	35	43
United States	40	45	49	50
Canada	29	30	37	36
Western Europe	31	39	47	50
France	24	33	54	53
Germany	21	26	33	36
Italy	41	47	45	58
Britain	37	47	49	52
Eastern Europe	31	32	35	36
Bulgaria	14	15	19	12
Czech Rep.	48	47	50	50
Poland	17	13	16	22
Russia	32	34	34	35
Slovak Rep.	29	38	36	43
Ukraine	26	22	27	51
Percent who completely agree "We should restrict and control entry of people into our country more				

and control entry of people into our country more than we do now."

Most Agree English is Important

While most citizens of the world long to preserve their own national identities and to protect their cultures from foreign influence, majorities everywhere agree on the importance of children learning English or, in the case of the U.S. and Britain, on the necessity for children to learn a foreign language.

Generational differences on language training suggest that, while older Americans and Western Europeans are quite worried about foreign threats to their way of life, they still place great value on developing the language skills necessary to cope with the broader world. Fully 42% of US senior citizens *completely agree* that children need to learn a foreign language. Only 29% of those under the age of 30 feel that strongly about language training. In France, 68% of those ages 65 and older *completely agree* that kids need to learn English to succeed in the world today. Only 44% of those ages 18-29 feel that strongly. The age gap is equally wide in Britain and less pronounced in Germany and Italy.

In Eastern Europe, the generational difference on this issue runs in the opposite direction. Young people are much more strongly committed to the idea of learning English than the older generation. Overall, 53% of Eastern Europeans under the age of 30 *completely agree* that children need to learn English to succeed in

English a M	ust-Le Worl		round	the	
	30.90	A(<u>је</u>	an ar	
	18-29	30-49	50-64	65+	
	%	%	%	%	
North America	30	30	35	29	
United States**	29	30	35	42	
Canada**	42	44	47	43	
Western Europe	42	50	56	61	
France	44	59	65	68	
Germany	62	71	76	74	
Italy	49	46	50	53	
Britain**	27	30	41	51	
Eastern Europe	53	52	45	29	
Bulgaria	53	52	37	30	
Czech Rep.	68	69	78	74	
Poland	50	50	53	35	
Russia	52	50	41	26	
Slovak Rep.	68	73	72	70	
Ukraine	62	67	73	62	

Percent who completely agree "Children need to learn English to succeed in the world today."

** U.S. and British respondents asked "Children need to learn a foreign language to succeed in the the world today. Only 29% of those ages 65 and older feel the same way.

In Latin America, overwhelming majorities of all ages agree about the importance of learning English. Only in Mexico do young people place much greater value on language training than do their elders. In Asia, there is similarly widespread agreement among all age groups about the need to learn English. The lone exception is Japan, where 75% of those ages 65 and older *completely agree* that it is important for kids to learn English, while only 45% of those ages 18-29 *completely agree*.

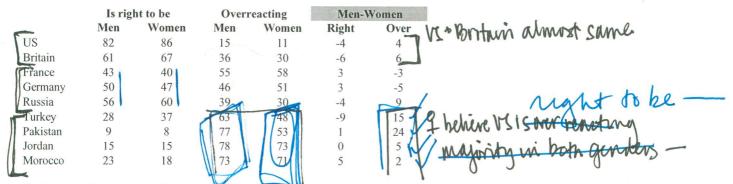
¹ This also is true in the Asian countries surveyed by the *Global Attitudes Project* but not aggregated for the accompanying table or for this analysis.

² The World Values Survey, run out of University of Michigan's Institute for Social Research, can be found online at www.worldvaluessurvey.org.

Q9 Which of the following phrases comes closer to your view? I favor the US-led efforts to fight terrorism, OR I oppose the US-led efforts to fight terrorism.

MA		MI	EN ØK	we we	OMEN	Men-	Women	Mur often oppose the US
WKQ.		Fav	Oppose	Fav	Oppose	Fav	Oppose	U MAN OTTANO PRINCIPLOS
	US	84	11	79	14	5	-3	LALL LA A L'ANDRON
	Britain	66	29	61	31	5	-2	Fight to end temorism
	France	55	42	45	52	10	-10	0
	Germany	58	40	52	46	6	-6	
	Russia	73	21	73	20	0	1	
0	Turkey	35	60 6	39	51	-4	9	Muxim notions: gender no differen
39	Pakistan	16	69 15	16	49	0	20	MANY Sector of Many
	Jordan	12	79 9	11	77	1	2	2 clearly oppose -
12	Morocco	28	68 4	27	65	1	3	+ · · ·) of food
B							1	

Q10 Which of the following phrases comes closer to your point of view? The US is right to be so concerned about the threat of international terrorism OR the US is over reacting to the threat of international terrorism.



X

Q11 Do you think that the US led war on terrorism is a sincere effort to reduce international terrorism or don't you believe that?

	Sincere Effort		Don't Believe		В	oth	Men-Women		
							Sincere		
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Effort	Don't Believe	
US	67	68	26	24	2	3	-1	2	
Britain	50	53	42	38	3	2	-3	4	
France	36	33	61	61	3	2	3	0	
Germany	34	25	61	70	0	1	9	-9	
Russia	35	36	53	43	8	10	-1	10	
Turkey	17	22	70	58	8	6	-5	12	
Pakistan	7	6	72	42	7	3	1	30	
Jordan	12	11	50	53	27	21	1	-3	
Morocco	17	17	68	64	4	3	0	4	

Q13 Some people think that suicide bombing and other forms of violence against civilian targets are justified in order to defend Islam from its enemies. Other people believe that, no matter what the reason, this kind of violence is never justified. Do you personally feel that this kind of violence is often justified to defend Islam, sometimes justified, rarely justified, or never justified?

	Jus	tified OK	Not J	ustified D K	0 Men-	Women
	Men	Women	Men	Women	🕇 Just	Not Just
Turkey	19	10 🚺	75	78 🚺	9	-3
Pakistan	49	31 1	42	44 7	6 18	-2
Jordan	na	na	na	na	na	na
Morocco	37	41 6	57	(48)	-4	9
9			crea by	red sug Moror	ang	ť

Q14 What about suicide bombing carried out by Palestinians against Israeli citizens? Do you personally believe that this is justifiable or not justifiable?

	Jus	tified	Not J	ustified	Men-Women		
	Men			Women	Just	Not Just	
Turkey	31	17	63	71	14	-8	
Pakistan	60	32	32	41	28	-9	
Jordan	84	88	14	9	-4	5	
Morocco	71	77	25	19 .	-6	6	

Q15 What about suicide bombing carried out against American and other Westerners in Iraq? Do you personally believe that this is justifiable or not justifiable?

	Jus	tified	Not Justified		Men	Women		
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Just	Not Just		
Turkey	41	22	52	66	19	-14	0	
Pakistan	61	29	30	41	32	-11	No. Y	Not watched
Jordan	69	71	23	24	-2	-1		1 XX WARM
Morocco	64	68	30	24	-4	6		0

Q16 Do you think the world would be a safer place or more dangerous place if there was another country that was equal in power to the United States

	Safe	r Place	More D	angerous	Men-	Women	
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Safer	Danger	
US	32	27	50	50	5	0	women more so believe work
Britain	45	40	40	46	5	-6	
France	56	.51	40	42	5	-2	is not desperers with hoter
Germany	44	32	40	53	12	-13	13 March
Russia	41	34	43	45	7	-2	\cap
Turkey	47	34	43	48	13	-5	Power.
Pakistan	25	11	62	59	14	3	1
Jordan	29	29	52	54	0	-2	
Morocco	22	20	67	63	2	4	
				181 111			

Q18 On the subject of Iraq, did (survey country) make the right decision or the wrong decision to not use military force against Iraq

	Ri	ight	W	rong	Men-Women		
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Right	Wrong	
France	88	88	11	11	0	0	
Germany	82	90	15	8 -	-8	7	
Russia	83	84	12	8	-1	4	
Turkey	72	71	24	21	A	3	
Pakistan	80	55	12	13 .	(25)	-1	
Jordan	87	86	2	3	1	-1	
Morocco	84	83	11	7	1	4	
		1					

Mulle East 9 hot as commend V European

Q19 Do you think the people of Iraq will be better off or worse off in the long run than they were, now that Saddam Hussein has been removed from power by the US and its allies?

	Bett	er Off	Wor	se Off	Men-Women		
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Better	Worse	
US	84	84	9	9	0	0	
Britain	81	83	12	10	-2	2	
France	65	69	31	24	-4	7	
Germany	70	61	26	29	9	-3	
Russia	33	30	41	34	3	7	
Turkey	40	42	46	42	-2	4	
Pakistan	9	7	72	50	2	22	
Jordan	26	24	70	71	2	-1	
Morocco	40	33	48	49	7	-1	

Q20 in rebuilding Iraq, how good a job are the US and its allies doing in taking into account the needs and interests of the Iraqi people? Is the coalition doing an excellent job, a good job, only a fair job, or a poor job in taking into consideration the interests and needs of the Iraqi people?

	Exc	ellent	G	ood	Onl	y Fair	1	Poor	Men-	Women
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Positive	Negative
US	16	12	35	40	33	29	10	9	-1	5
Britain	4	4	22	29	48	47	21	12	-8	9 /
France	2	1	31	35	47	47	16	11	-4	6
Germany	1	1	15	16	58	60	21	20	-1	0
Russia	2	1	11	12	38	34	42	37	0	8
Turkey	2	1	15	14	31	31	41	36	2	6
Pakistan	3	3	7	7	20	16	46	22	0	1 29
Jordan	6	6	21	21	27	29	38	37	-1	-2
Morocco	14	10	32	29	39	35	11	21	3	7
Statter job us my										

43

Q21 In the next 12 months do you believe that a stable government will be established in Iraq or do you think it will take longer than that?

		Stable		Will Take	-		Vomen	Call 19 and Broad antainly =
		Men	Women	Men	Women	Stable	Longer	Shall harren O mocoptonest -
U	S	13	12	85	82	1	3	
B	ritain	9	8	87	91	1	-4	and an initial and it it
Fr	rance	9	3	90	95	6	-5	zunder opinions in stabulity
G	ermany	7	4	92	95	3	-3 c /	
R	ussia	17	12	72	68	5	4	De! very dose -
Τι	urkey	13	12	79	77	1	2	Insent It 0
Pa	akistan	6	5	70	46	1	24 V	
Jo	ordan	34	32	51	51	2	0	Western OF toppones
М	lorocco	8	8	83	75	0	8	

Q22 Who do you think could do the best job at helping the Iraqi people form a stable government -- the US and its allies or the United Nations?

	US ar	nd allies	Th	e UN	В	oth	N	either	Men-V	Vomen	
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	US	UN	
US	45	38	45	46	4	3	2	3	7	-1	
Britain	9	11	83	80	3	4	1	2	-2	3	
France	6	11	86	77	1	2	6	3	-5	9	huslin
Germany	8	8	82	85	3	2	4	1	0	-3	3
Russia	11	8	46	48	11	12	19	9	3	-2	0.
Turkey	10	12	65	53	8	4	9	12	-2	12	Later Mal
Pakistan	3	6	53	32	4	3	23	8	-3	21	neuro min
Jordan	6	5	16	14	19	22	50	49	1	2	4
Morocco	18	16	24	20	11	7	35	34	2	4	TA

Here are a few questions about how the war in Iraq may have changed your opinion of the US Q23 Did the US military show itself to be stronger or weaker than you expected?

	Str	onger	We	eaker	S	ame		Men-Women	
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Stonger	Weaker	Same
US	72	(73)	(15)	13	10	8	-1	2	2
Britain	48	43	30	(35)	18	11	5	-5	7
France	25	(32)	53)	52	17	12	-7	1	5
Germany	30	23	56	65	9	3	7	-9	6
Russia	20	25	43	31	32	27	-5	(12)	5
Turkey	28	33	62	50	5	5	-5	12	0
Pakistan	24	19	61	30	1	4	5	31	-3
Jordan	51	43	19	(23)	23	28	8	-4	-5
Morocco	48	49	35	28	11	15	-1	7	-4

Q24 As a consequence of the war, do you have more confidence or less confidence that the US is trustworthy?

	Μ	lore		ess	S	ame		Men-Womer	1
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	More	Less	Same
US	58	57	29	29	6	6	1	0	0
Britain	22	26	58	57	15	10	-4	1	5
France	12	16	80	75	6	6	-4	5	0
Germany	10	10	82	82	6	4	0	0	2
Russia	8	8	64	63	23	20	0	1	3
Turkey	7	9	77	71	12	11	-2	6	1
Pakistan	5	5	77	49	6	9	0	28	-3
Jordan	6	3	49	51	37	39	3	-2	-2
Morocco	13	10	73	72	8	6	3	1	2

shyptigless - have less comfidences that is muchility to state they are tess tikety is trustmonthy

a fees us as wanter

a more confidence in the US

not by too much

15

Q25 And as a consquence of the war, do you have more confidence or less confidence that the US wants to promote democracy all around the world?

	More		Less		Same			Men-Women	
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	More	Less	Same
US	71	69	20	22	3	2	2	-2	1
Britain	45	37	43	46	6	5	8	-3	1
France	17	15	78	78	2	3	2	0	-1
Germany	27	20	65	76	4	1	7	-11	3
Russia	15	13	55	51	22	20	2	4	2
Turkey	9	10	76	71	10	8	-1	5	2
Pakistan	7	3	71	41	5	5	4	30	0
Jordan	7	7	56	56	28	29	0	0	-1
Morocco	17	13	67	66	7	8	4	1	-1

Q26 Do you think the war in Iraq has helped the war on terrorism or has it hurt the war on terrorism?

Helped MenHurtNo EffectMen-WomenHurtNo Effect f_{GF} US64602829324-11Britain363651505601-1France32345654128-224Germany312958575621-11Russia232251492115126Turkey2622585587431Pakistan976945652241Jordan101439333340-46-7DK'S -Morocco181468668942-1DK'S -	(110		\cap							40
US64602829324-11Britain363651505601-1France32345654128-224Germany312958575621-1Russia232251492115126Turkey2622585587431Pakistan976945652241Jordan101439333340-46-7North	(PN	W He	lped		Hurt	No	Effect		Men-Women		1
Britain 36 36 51 50 5 6 0 1 -1 -1 France 32 34 56 54 12 8 -2 2 4 Germany 31 29 58 57 5 6 2 1 -1 Russia 23 22 51 49 21 15 1 2 6 Turkey 26 22 58 55 8 7 4 3 1 Pakistan 9 7 69 45 6 5 2 24 1 Jordan 10 14 39 33 33 40 -4 6 -7 7	C	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Helped	Hurt	No Effect	171
France32345654128-224Germany312958575621-1Russia232251492115126Turkey2622585587431Pakistan976945652241Jordan101439333340-46-77	US	64	60	28	29	3	2	4	-1	1	(67).
Germany 31 29 58 57 5 6 2 1 -1 1 1 Russia 23 22 51 49 21 15 1 2 6 Turkey 26 22 58 55 8 7 4 3 1 Pakistan 9 7 69 45 6 5 2 24 1 Jordan 10 14 39 33 33 40 -4 6 -7 7	Britain	36	36	51	50	5	6	0	1	-1	n mainstakel
Russia232251492115126Turkey2622585587431Pakistan976945652241Jordan101439333340-46-7 7	France	32	34	56	54	12	8	-2	2	4	A) WWWWWW
Turkey 26 22 58 55 8 7 4 3 1 WTW Mu Pakistan 9 7 69 45 6 5 2 24 1 1 WTW Mu Jordan 10 14 39 33 33 40 -4 6 -7 7 0 1	Germany	31	29	58	57	5	6	2	1	-1	Y to hu
Pakistan 9 7 69 45 6 5 2 24 1 Jordan 10 14 39 33 33 40 -4 6 -7 7 0	Russia	23	22	51	49	21	15	1	2	6	
Jordan 10 14 39 33 33 40 -4 6 -7	Turkey	26	22	58	55	8	7	4	3	1	Y WOTHN INL
	Pakistan	9	7	69	45	6	5	2	24	1	
Morocco 18 14 68 66 8 9 4 2 -1 UKS-	Jordan	10	14	39	33	33	40	-4	6	-7	The Will
	Morocco	18	14	68	66	8	9	4	2	-1	· 11K S -
				\bigcirc	\mathbf{X}						

Q27 Before the war, the leaders of US and Britain claimed that Iraq had weapons of mass destruction. These weapns have yet to be found. Why do you think they made this claim? Was it mostly because US and British leaders were themselves misinformed by bad intelligence, or wsa it mostly because US and British leaders lied to provide a reason for invading Iraq?

	Misin	formed	Lied		Might sti	ill be found	Men-Women			
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Misinform ed	Lied	Might still be found	
US	48	50	30	32	12	6	-2	-2	6	
Britain	47	49	42	40	4	3	-2	2	1	
France	12	18	86	78	0	1	-6	8	-1	
Germany	25	21	66	(72)	1	3	4	-6	-2	
Russia	19	16	63	59	8	8	3	4	0	
Turkey	14	15	73	59	6	7	-1	14	-1	
Pakistan	11	6	70	50	2	2	5	20	0	
Jordan	22	23	72	65	5	7	-1	7	-2	
Morocco	22	19	50	45	14	13	3	5	1	

esp. in Muslims

ment likely to turk VS leaders hed to Q28 Now thinking about the dispute between Israel and the Palestinians, which side do you sympathize with more -Israel or the Palestinians?

2

	Is	Israel		Palestinians		oth	Neither		
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	
US	51	41	12	14	6	9	16	13	
Britain	23	20	35	22	12	17	18	18	
France	19	21	30	26	10	11	32	28	
Germany	24	24	26	23	3	11	33	31	
Russia	25	21	14	13	15	15	37	33	
Turkey	6	7	72	56	3	5	14	17	
Pakistan	1	2	90	72	1	1	2	2	
Jordan	1	1	83	94	0	0	5	4	
Morocco	1	0	96	96	2	2	1	1	

Q29 Do you think the US government favors or opposes democracy in our country?

	M	IEN	WO	MEN	Men-Women		
	Fav	Oppose	Fav	Oppose	Fav	Oppose	
Pakistan	35	22	43	28	-8	-6	
Jordan	45	42	43	44	2	-2	
Morocco	56	46	27	27	29	19	

Gender

• Favorability Ratings: Gender differences have more prominence when asking about institutions or governments. And less divergence with regards to religion. For example we see pretty similar favorability rankings for opinions on Jews, Christians and Muslims between sexes with very little divergence. Specifically, men give Jews and Christians slightly lower favorability than women but for the most part, as we see with the Muslim favorability we get very low divergence overall.

When asked how people view the US, women in Turkey and Pakistan we less likely than their male counterparts to give an unfavorable mark. 58% and 46% as compared to 70% and 74%. The British, both men and women and Russian men gave the US its highest favorability 59%, 57% and 51% respectfully. Men and women in Jordan and Morocco gave the US high unfavorable but Pakistani and Turkish women gave slightly higher favorability ratings and extremely less unfavorable ratings than their male counterparts.

- Across the board men in all countries surveyed believe it to be better living in the US than in their current country. The lone exception is males in Britain.
 - Women are considerably more likely to answer, "don't know" when asked current hot topic questions regarding issues such as support of US-led efforts to fight terrorism, partnerships with the US. UN approval before military action and when asked their opinion on suicide bombings (on this questions women in Muslim countries doubled the refusal of the men when asked if suicide bombing was justified to defend Islam. A quarter of Pakistani women stated refused to answer. When asked if the EU should become as powerful as the US, men held stronger opinions on both sides of the issue, with women overwhelmingly stating DK. Excluding the US, men in most countries are more likely to favor getting UN approval before using military force in dealing with international threat.
 - Men in Muslim nations, more often oppose the US fight to end terrorism than women, the opposite it true in the US and European countries. Strong majorities in those countries support the effort, with men leading the charge.
 - Women in Muslim nations believe the US is over-reacting to the terror threat, with majorities in both genders saying so. Gender differences in Europeans have very little divergence on this issue.
 - Women more so believe that the world would be a more dangerous place if there was another country equal in power to the US.

Age Breakouts for March 2004 Survey

Q2 Please tell me if you have a very favorable, somewhat favorable, somewhat unfavorable or very unfavorable opinion of (insert)? a The United States

a The United States					
	18-29	30-49	50-64	65+	England Flange
Britain					FAVOR for the US INCREMENT MADE ON CONTON
Favorable	49	58	60	64	1 up mart al powers favoraboulity
Unfavorable	41	32	34	31	Favor for theus increases w/ age in Europe youngest w/ Porrist favorability
					U Ű
France					
Favorable	27	39	35	42	11
Unfavorable	70	61	64	54	
					7
Germany					(
Favorable	32	41	34	41	11
Unfavorable	68	56	63	51	
child of doile	00	00	00	01	
Russia					
Favorable	58	49	38	31	A Distance
Unfavorable	35	40	53	52 -	- while in Russia
					58%. of those 18-29 hold a forrorable
Turkey					hadda Geroscalde
Favorable	30	28	30	na	No un u Triver even
Unfavorable	64	64	63	~	SCAPALA
o mail or a or a	0.	0.1	00		2 Strander
Pakistan					0
Favorable	24	20	16	na	-> strady
Unfavorable	60	61	68		8 Corow
		01	00		
Jordan					
Favorable	8	5	2	na	Challes
Unfavorable	91	94	96		_ straky
			20		
Morocco					
Favorable	28	25	30	na	-) strady
Unfavorable	69	69	55)
					v.

b. Americans	18-29	30-49	50-64	65+	for Ameri
Britain	<i>(</i> 0		70		11 / 11 - 00
Favorable	68	74	72	72	
Unfavorable	21	16	22	19	
France					
Favorable	55	52	50	58	
Unfavorable	42	46	50	33	
Uniavolable	44	40	50	55	
Germany		- C			
Favorable	71	67	69	65	2.1
Unfavorable	28	26	27	22	Maria I Fred
Ullavorable	20	20	21	22	gunges menu
Russia					Jungest trend
Favorable	69	68	66	55	CONXVIN ~>
Unfavorable	14	17	21		to I have to
Uniavorable	14	1 /	21	28	The rown rei we
Turkey					the lowby in American f
Favorable	33	31	33	na	11000000000 1
Unfavorable	56	52	54	na	
Ontavorable	50	52	54		
Pakistan					
Favorable	26	28	25	na	
Unfavorable	49	46	47		Anadrana
					I MANGER MALINE
Jordan					y steam 2.3.
Favorable	22	21	19	na	30-20
Unfavorable	74	73	73		henry
					Vervy
Morocco					
Favorable	38	35	39	na	1
Unfavorable	57	57	49		

Favorability across the bound All age groups is higher for Americans than the US.

Russians register among the lowest in Europe on American Favorishity of 55%.

Austin nations steady 2,3-inten 30-20 age groups-

					of me 9
d. The United Nations	18-29	30-49	50-64	65+	Countrils S.
United States Favorable Unfavorable	(65) 23	52 37	54 38	(48) 36	Showed highest UN Frontibility vi 16-29's-
Britain Favorable Unfavorable	83) 11	75 16	70 26	70 22	of the 9 Countries S. Showed hughest UN Faroribations vi 18-29's-
France Favorable Unfavorable	(<u>81</u>) 19	67 32	56 40	67 23	
Germany Favorable Unfavorable	67 26	(75) 19	72 23	69 26	
Russia Favorable Unfavorable	65 22	66) 16	56 22	L 47 17	ding neusbour.org
Turkey Favorable Unfavorable	53 36	48	56 34	na	
Pakistan Favorable Unfavorable	(40) 25	33 27	32 34	na	
Jordan Favorable Unfavorable	27 67	19 75	16 75	na	we are adding
Morocco Favorable Unfavorable	26 67	24 66	27 46	na N	have adding have info on awareness of CLARK
					DT CLOW IN

of Clark allegations

e. Jews	18-29	30-49	50-64	65+		
United States	10-2)	50-49	50-04	0.5 1		
Favorable	73	79	78	72		
Unfavorable	13	8	5	7	× .	
					winor	
Britain						
Favorable	72	76	73	80		
Unfavorable	12	8	9	11		
France						
Favorable	90	78	78	79		
Unfavorable	4	13	9	15		
Olliavolable	-	15)	15		
Germany						
Favorable	71	66	60	56		
Unfavorable	15	18	25	19		
Russia						
Favorable	62	67	63	64		
Unfavorable	29	22	27	24		
Turkey						
Favorable	27	28	29	na		
Unfavorable	52	46	56			
Pakistan						
Favorable	2	3	3	na		
Unfavorable	80	80	86			
Jordan						
Favorable	na	na	na	na		
Unfavorable						
Morocco						
Favorable	5	6	7	na		
Unfavorable	94	91	88			

f. Christians	18-29	30-49	50-64	65+
United States Favorable Unfavorable	80 10	83 9	86 2	87 2
Britain Favorable Unfavorable	80 9	84 5	85 7	89 5
France Favorable Unfavorable	92 3	80 13	79 11	89 9
Germany Favorable Unfavorable	75 16	72 18	79 11	75 16
Russia Favorable Unfavorable	94 3	78 3	93 4	94 0
Turkey Favorable Unfavorable	29 55	31 48	30 58	na
Pakistan Favorable Unfavorable	26 61	23 62	25 68	na
Jordan Favorable Unfavorable	na	na	na	na
Morocco Favorable Unfavorable	21 76	23 73	31 59	na

g. Muslims	18-29	30-49	50-64	65+
United States Favorable Unfavorable	57 31	52 29	47 30	30 37
Britain Favorable Unfavorable	69 18	72 14	68 18	56 23
France Favorable Unfavorable	80 15	62 31	56 33	65 31
Germany Favorable Unfavorable	56 33	42 48	35 50	33 47
Russia Favorable Unfavorable	51 40	56 35	51 38	47 38
Turkey Favorable Unfavorable	89 8	89 8	86 12	na
Pakistan Favorable Unfavorable	97 1	97 1	80 4	na
Jordan Favorable Unfavorable	na	na	na	na
Morocco Favorable Unfavorable	89 10	91 8	85 8	na

Q3 From what you know, do people from our country who move to the US have a better life there, a worse life there or is neither better or worse?

	18-29	30-49	50-64	65+	
United States					the young w/ a more grounded
Better	81	89	91	91	the young war more growing
Worse	1	1	2	3	1 And 1
Neither	15	6	3	2	VUD K-
Don't Know Anyone	0	1	0	0	
Britain					
Better	28 - 17-	45	41	48	11 - We halver, life innuther
Worse	7	5	7	7	VLANA IN NK REMARCING THE
Neither	51-15	36	30	25	1. Mana and in teve
Don't Know Anyone	12	8	13	10	Young in UK believe life is nutter better or work in the VS.
France					
Better	19	22	25	29	
Worse	19	13	10	11	
Neither	67	59	56	45 ~	
	2	5	7	12	
Don't Know Anyone	Z	3	/	12	Munstrum France & Fremany
Germany					Mayorithus in France & Greemany
Better	12	13	18	12	
Worse	14	18	16	13	
Neither	68	60	53	53 —	
Don't Know Anyone	2	3	2	6	
Russia					
Better	53	58	50	(71)	
Worse	10	8	14	9	71% of the left are believe like in
Neither	21	15	16	17	line is the server age to
Don't Know Anyone	8	12	15	23	better in The is-the nights I
Don't Itnow Amyone	0	12	15	25	Flil. of the 65t age behine life is better in the vo-the highest age grop out side the US to
Turkey					
Better	53	47	57	na	tel so
Worse	19	21	13		
Neither	15	14	14		
Don't Know Anyone	4	6	7		handrow the te all Darks.
D 11					here the is better in US
Pakistan	21	20	20		believe up is month
Better	31	29	29	na	v
Worse	27	29	28		
Neither	21 8	19 8	18 8		
Don't Know Anyone	8	8	8		
Jordan					
Better	39	28	- 23	na	
Worse	19	24	20	29	
Neither	23	30	33	57	
Don't Know Anyone	15	15	19	V	
Morocco					
Better	47	46	49	na	
Worse	28	27	20		then heart #3 M
Neither	17	18	14		1 might believe
Don't Know Anyone	4	3	7		Weround I stray Us
-					tren high #'s of believe merrorcan believe life would be heater in Us.
					Mar voite
					×

Q4 In making international policy decisions, to what extent do you think the United States takes into account the interests of countries like (survey country) --a great deal, a fair amount, not too much or not at all?

N * 10 (18-29	30-49	50-64	65+
United States Great Deal	31	35	33	36
Fair amount	34	38	35	33
Not too much	24	20	23	16
Not at all	8	5	5	7
1 tot ut un		0	5	,
Britain				
Great Deal	3	6	7	11
Fair amount	38	27	25	32
Not too much	40	46	45	40
Not at all	17	20	21	13
France	5	2	1	(
Great Deal	5 11	3 14	1 8	6 9
Fair amount Not too much	61	50	51	43
Not at all	23	33	39	38
Not at all	23	55	59	50
Germany				
Great Deal	1	4	0	5
Fair amount	21	25	26	33
Not too much	49	43	58	40
Not at all	28	26	17	18
Russia	4	(7	2
Great Deal	4 15	6 17	7 16	2 9
Fair amount Not too much	51	41	38	9 40
Not at all	23	30	34	38
i tot di dii	25	50	51	50
Turkey				
Great Deal	6	4	5	na
Fair amount	10	7	9	
Not too much	38	31	41	
Not at all	42	50	38	
Pakistan				
Great Deal	4	2	4	na
Fair amount	16	16	11	nu
Not too much	18	15	22	
Not at all	32	31	39	
Jordan				
Great Deal	2	1	1	na
Fair amount	18	13	13	
Not too much Not at all	37 36	39 41	34 43	
i tot at all	50	71	UT	
Morocco				
Great Deal	7	11	11	na
Fair amount	24	27	20	
Not too much	18	15	12	
Not at all	45	39	35	

Generat

Q5 Do you think the partnership between the US and Western Europe should remain as close as it has been or do you think that Western Europe should take a more independent approach to security and dipolmatic affairs than it has in the past?

	18-29	30-49	50-64	65+	
United States Remain as Close More Independent	58 35	53 39	57 37	53 31	
Britain Remain as Close More Independent France	32 64	37 59	38 50	46 48	64% of young brits want a more way nestern terrope Uss 80, the older one gets
Remain as Close More Independent	28 71	19 78	23 76	17 72	
Germany Remain as Close	38	39	28	38	
More Independent Russia	62	60	71	59	Marr Rianians
Remain as Close More Independent	30 51	23 60	26 56	16 49	Mer Russians half as many as youngust
Turkey Remain as Close More Independent	20 65	22 58	28 59	36 38	

Q6 In your opinion, would it be a good thing or a bad thing if the European Union becomes as powerful as the US?

	18-29	30-49	50-64	65+	
United States				2	4
Good	37	34	37	22	
Bad	53	53	43	48	
					melo
Great Britain					APENERALA LANG
Good	63	35	46	35	hall as manin menores of more
Bad	28	32	46 41	35 57	half as many decreases of age
					·)
France					
Good	90	89	89	94	
Bad	10	9	10	4	
					1 - 44
Germany				1	MAR
Good	74	74	72	58	Alexandra and a
Bad	21	22	22	58 22	Lemany Ny age
Russia					Man
Good	69	71	68	54	Runn
Bad	13	12	14	9	LANS SALO
Turkey	Management of the other others	and the section of the			
Good	66	68	75	53	Mary
Bad	25	19	17	26	V

Q7 Now a question about using military force, do you think (sc) should have UN approval before it uses military forces to deal with an international threat or do you think that would make it too difficult for our country to deal with international threats?

	18-29	30-49	50-64	65+	
United States			10		
UN approval	46	37	40	44	
Too difficult	. 46	54	50	40	
Britain					
UN approval	61	65	60	67)	
Too difficult	30	28	34	28 ANDO MADOMATIA	
				- Winte wow to wood	
France				in a barrier but it	
UN approval	67	59	66	63 - Emopean narrows	
Too difficult	32	38	32	38	
100 unitedit	52	50	54	50	
Germany					
UN approval	84	81	81	74)	
Too difficult	14	16	13	16	
		10	10		
Russia					
UN approval	36	40	38	31 -	
Too difficult	43	41	43	35	
100 unnoun	15		15	55	
Turkey					
UN approval	42	45	57	51	
Too difficult	48	43	37	34	
		10	57		
Pakistan					
UN approval	41	37	36	na	
Too difficult	35	35	41	114	
100 uniteut	00	00	11		
Jordan					
UN approval	50	47	40	na	
Too difficult	33	39	44		
			×.		
Morocco				na Salmost never uf a majon in any one age gr	1
UN approval	40	43	42 ,	na Summer rever w a marm	171
Too difficult	46	41	30	100 OAMA DOR HOT A	hal
				in any one age gr	22
				MILLIC VILLAS	
				CUN VIEW	
				* nge brenk	
				who are work	
			10-	pr drivis much like	
			WNN	AI BARAND KAAROU ANKE	
			10.0	have to the	
				these Mushim	
				cumptures.	
				~	

Mar.

Q9 Which of the following phrases comes closer to your view? I favor the US-led efforts to fight terrorism, OR I oppose the US-led efforts to fight terrorism.

	18-29	30-49	50-64	65+
United States				
Favor	72	84	86	80 minutes
Oppose	22	11	8	11
Britain				
Favor	56	61	68	69
Oppose	34	30	30	25
			5.5	
France				
Favor	40	47	55	58
Oppose	60	49	41	39
Germany				
Favor	47	50	61	63
Oppose	51	50	37	33
Russia	76	70	7.4	70
Favor	75	72	74	70
Oppose	20	20	20	20
Turkey				
Favor	36	36	41	na
Oppose	59	56	53	
Pakistan				
Favor	15	16	17	na
Oppose	63	58	65	
Jordan				
Favor	12	12	11	na
Oppose	78	78	79	
1 1				
Morocco				
Favor	25	30	26	na
Oppose	71	63	58	

Q10 Which of the following phrases comes closer to your point of view? The US is right to be so concerned about the threat of international terrorism OR the US is over reacting to the threat of international terrorism.

	18-29	30-49	50-64	65+
United States				
US is right	79	85	87	85
US is over-reacting	18	11	11	14
Britain				
US is right	66	64	60	65
US is over-reacting	31	33	35	34
France				
US is right	36	38	46	49
US is over-reacting	62	60	53	48
Germany				
US is right	43	45	53	53
US is over-reacting	55	54	46	41
Russia				
US is right	55	62	58	54
US is over-reacting	36	32	37	32
Turkey				
US is right	32	30	41	na
US is over-reacting	56	57	51	
Pakistan				
US is right	8	8	14	na
US is over-reacting	67	65	69	
Jordan				
US is right	15	14	16	na
US is over-reacting	77	76	73	
Morocco				
US is right	20	21	19	na
US is over-reacting	75	71	64	

Q11 Do you think that the US led war on terrorism is a sincere effort to reduce international terrorism or don't you believe that?

1.

	18-29	30-49	50-64	65+
United States Sincere	61	70	74	62
Don't believe that	32	23	21	26
Both	1	3	2	20
Doui	1	5	2	2
Britain				
Sincere	41	52	54	57
Don't believe that	54	40	38	32
Both	1	4	1	4
r.				
France Sincere	26	25	44	51
	20 73	23 70	44 51	43
Don't believe that Both	13	3	3	43
Both	1	3	3	4
Germany				
Sincere	21	29	33	34
Don't believe that	73	69	66	54
Both	4	0	0	0
Russia	2.5	27		2.0
Sincere	35	37	36	30
Don't believe that	49	48	49	45
Both	9	8	7	11
Turkey				
Sincere	19	18	26	na
Don't believe that	67	63	59	
Both	5	6	11	
Pakistan		0	0	
Sincere	6	8	8	na
Don't believe that	59	56	65	
Both	5	5	8	
Jordan				
Sincere	12	11	12	na
Don't believe that	51	51	50	
Both	22	27	23	
Managar				
Morocco Sincere	17	19	7	200
Don't believe that	70	63	68	na
Both	4	4	0	
Doui	+	-+	0	

Q13 Some people think that suicide bombing and other forms of violence against civilian targets are justified in order to defend Islam from its enemies. Other people believe that, no matter what the reason, this kind of violence is never justified. Do you personally feel that this kind of violence is often justified to defend Islam, sometimes justified, rarely justified, or never justified?

	18-29	30-49	50-64	65+
Turkey				
Often justified	7	5	6	na
Sometimes justified	10	8	10	
Rarely justified	10	9	12	
Never justified	64	68	69	
Pakistan				
Often justified	23	29	34	na
Sometimes justified	16	13	15	
Rarely justified	8	8	10	
Never justified	39	34	28	
Jordan				
Often justified				na
Sometimes justified				
Rarely justified				
Never justified				
Morocco				
Often justified	17	15	16	na
Sometimes justified	26	21	22	
Rarely justified	17	13	11	
Never justified	35	41	38	

Q14 What about suicide bombing carried out by Palestinians against Israeli citizens? Do you personally believe that this is justifiable or not justifiable?

	18-29	30-49	50-64	65+
Turkey Justifiable Not Justifiable	27 62	21 71	27 66	na
Pakistan Justifiable Not Justifiable	42 39	49 38	61 26	na
Jordan Justifiable Not Justifiable	84 14	88 10	86 10	na
Morocco Justifiable Not Justifiable	77 19	72 24	70 26	na

Q15 What about suicide bombing carried out against American and other Westerners in Iraq? Do you personally believe that this is justifiable or not justifiable?

	18-29	30-49	50-64	65+
Turkey Justifiable Not Justifiable	32 57	28 63	41 53	na
Pakistan Justifiable Not Justifiable	42 39	46 37	64 20	na
Jordan Justifiable Not Justifiable	66 29	72 21	73 19	na
Morocco Justifiable Not Justifiable	68 26	65 29	66 24	na

Q16 Do you think the world would be a safer place or more dangerous place if there was another country that was equal in power to the United States

	18-29	30-49	50-64	65+
United States				
Safer	28	34	30	22
More dangerous	62	45	48	53
D 11 1				
Britain Safer	2.1	41	16	4.0
	34	41	46	48
More dangerous	55	45	37	35
France				
Safer	44	57	56	55
More dangerous	53	39	39	35
8				
Germany				
Safer	35	43	33	36
More dangerous	54	45	51	39
-				
Russia				
Safer	38	39	34	38
More dangerous	46	44	47	36
Turkey				
Safer	40	40	45	na
More dangerous	51	43	41	nu
whole dangerous	51	15	71	
Pakistan				
Safer	16	19	30	na
More dangerous	65	58	54	
T				
Jordan	20			
Safer	29	29	30	na
More dangerous	55	51	55	
Morocco				
Safer	22	20	16	na
More dangerous	67	63	61	1164
and a second		00	01	

Q17 On the subject of Iraq, did (survey country) make the right decision or the wrong decision to use military force against Iraq?

	18-29	30-49	50-64	65+
United States				
Right	66	65	59	47
Wrong Decision	27	27	34	44
Britain				
Right	40	46	39	44
Wrong Decision	45	46	49	49

Q18 On the subject of Iraq, did (survey country) make the right decision or the wrong decision to not use military force against Iraq?

	18-29	30-49	50-64	65+
France				
Right	91	86	85	91
Wrong	9	12	14	8
Germany				
Right	88	84	90	85
Wrong	8	15	8	10
Russia				
Right	78	84	86	87
Wrong	14	8	10	9
Turkey				
Right	73	71	72	na
Wrong	21	23	25	
Pakistan				
	64	(0	0.1	
Right		69	81	na
Wrong	16	10	6	
Jordan				
Right	86	87	86	na
Wrong	2	2	4	IIu
	2	2	т	
Morocco				
Right	84	84	77	na
Wrong	9	9	7	
0				

Q19 Do you think the people of Iraq will be better off or worse off in the long run than they were, now that Saddam Hussein has been removed from power by the US and its allies?

	18-29	30-49	50-64	65+
United States				
Better off	88	84	82	81
Worse off	9	8	10	10
Britain				
Better off	81	84	83	79
Worse off	11	11	6	16
worse off	11	11	0	10
France				
Better off	71	68	65	64
Worse off	23	27	31	28
Germany				
Better off	66	72	61	56
Worse off	31	24	34	24
Russia				
Better off	35	31	35	24
Worse off	34	38	39	36
	51	50	57	50
Turkey				
Better off	43	40	40	na
Worse off	44	43	48	
Pakistan				
Better off	10	5	7	
Worse off	60	63	70	na
worse off	00	03	70	
Jordan				
Better off	26	24	23	na
Worse off	69	71	73	
N				
Morocco	24	20	25	
Better off	34	39	35	na
Worse off	52	46	45	

Q20 in rebuilding Iraq, how good a job are the US and its allies doing in taking into account the needs and interests of the Iraqi people? Is the coalition doing an excellent job, a good job, only a fair job, or a poor job in taking into consideration the interests and needs of the Iraqi people?

	18-29	30-49	50-64	65+
United States				
Excellent	13	15	16	10
Good	42	33	39	40
Only fair	31	34	25	30
Poor	8	9	12	7
Britain				
Excellent	2	3	4	6
Good	20	24	27	32
Only fair	51	49	46	41
Poor	14	16	19	18
France				
Excellent	0	2	1	2
Good	26	31	45	32
Only fair	59	46	39	46
Poor	15	16	11	7
Germany				
Excellent	1	1	0	2
Good	9	16	15	19
Only fair	59	59	60	56
Poor	26	19	23	17
Russia				
Excellent	0	2	1	1
Good	10	14	11	9
Only fair	44	33	39	28
Poor	33	41	42	40
Turkey	2	2	1	
Excellent	2	2	1	na
Good	16	14	12	
Only fair	32	31	33	
Poor	38	39	43	
Pakistan				
Excellent	4	2	3	na
Good	9	5	5	
Only fair	20	17	18	
Poor	31	36	45	
Jordan				
Excellent	6	5	8	na
Good	23	21	16	
Only fair	30	25	28	
Poor	35	39	38	
Morocco				
Excellent	4	5	1	na
Good	12	13	8	
Only fair	32	31	23	
Poor	39	35	35	
a ha warnewidthi	1724100	1.0000 Cal	prove the state	

Q21 In the next 12 months do you believe that a stable government will be established in Iraq or do you think it will take longer than that?

	18-29	30-49	50-64	65+
United States Will be formed Will take longer	11 85	12 85	14 83	14 79
Britain Will be formed Will take longer	9 90	7 92	9 89	12 84
France Will be formed Will take longer	8 92	5 95	6 92	8 90
Germany Will be formed Will take longer	8 90	7 93	3 96	4 94
Russia Will be formed Will take longer	10 75	16 72	18 70	10 58
Turkey Will be formed Will take longer	11 83	13 75	15 80	na
Pakistan Will be formed Will take longer	5 60	5 57	7 64	na
Jordan Will be formed Will take longer	29 57	36 49	35 43	na
Morocco Will be formed Will take longer	9 79	7 80	8 69	na

Q22 Who do you think could do the best job at helping the Iraqi people form a stable government -- the US and its allies or the United Nations?

	18-29	30-49	50-64	65+
United States	10	4.4	40	10
US and allies UN	40 51	44	42	40
Both	2	45 2	43 7	44 5
Neither	2	3	1	4
Iventifer	2	5	1	7
Britain				
US and allies	7	10	7	16
UN	83	80	85	79
Both	3	3	5	3
Neither	3	2	2	0
France				
US and allies	7	7	10	11
UN	85	84	79	77
Both	2	2	3	0
Neither	5	4	4	4
Germany				
US and allies	8	10	7	6
UN	86	83	80	86
Both	2	3	3	2
Neither	1	2	4	3
Russia				
US and allies	13	9	9	6
UN	44	52	50	40
Both	14	10	13	10
Neither	12	16	12	13
Turkey				
US and allies	11	12	8	na
UN	58	56	74	inte
Both	6	7	3	
Neither	13	10	6	
Pakistan				
US and allies	7	2	3	na
UN	44	42	50	
Both	3	3	3	
Neither	15	17	19	
Jordan				
US and allies	5	5	5	na
UN	16	16	12	
Both	24	19	17	
Neither	45	51	54	
Morocco				
US and allies	20	15	16	na
UN	24	22	14	
Both	9	9	8	
Neither	35	35	28	

Here are a few questions about how the war in Iraq may have changed your opinion of the US Q23 Did the US military show itself to be stronger or weaker than you expected?

	18-29	30-49	50-64	65+
United States				
Stronger	72	71	77	73
Weaker	18	16	11	8
Same	8	8	9	9
Britain				
Stronger	41	46	44	53
Weaker	39	31	31	29
Same	13	17	17	7
France				
Stronger	37	26	28	26
Weaker	49	52	56	54
Same	5	18	15	13
Germany				
Stronger	28	31	24	22
Weaker	61	57	65	61
Same	4	9	4	5
Russia				
Stronger	26	22	22	22
Weaker	37	38	42	24
Same	27	32	25	32
Turkey				
Stronger	32	28	37	na
Weaker	55	59	52	
Same	5	4	5	
Pakistan				
Stronger	24	16	26	na
Weaker	44	50	53	
Same	2	3	3	
* 1				
Jordan	10	10	15	
Stronger	48	48	45	na
Weaker	24	17	21	
Same	22	29	27	
Morocco				
Morocco	47	50	43	
Stronger Weaker	32	30	43 30	na
Same	32 14	30 12	30 14	
Salle	14	12	14	

Q24 As a consequence of the war, do you have more confidence or less confidence that the US is trustworthy?

	18-29	30-49	50-64	65+
United States	10 17	00 17		00
More	56	60	58	55
Less	31	28	29	29
Same	5	7	7	5
Sume	5	,	ź	5
Britain				
More	22	21	20	38
Less	67	60	55	48
Same	4	14	19	9
France				
More	8	13	12	25
Less	89	80	79	61
Same	2	7	7	6
Germany				
More	12	11	8	10
Less	82	81	85	82
Same	6	6	3	3
Russia				
More	12	9	5	4
Less	59	65	67	59
Same	24	20	21	21
Turkey				
More	7	8	10	na
Less	77	72	77	
Same	11	12	11	
Pakistan				
More	6	4	7	na
Less	64	64	69	
Same	8	7	9	
Jordan				
More	6	4	2	na
Less	47	52	54	
Same	39	38	35	
Morocco	4.0			
More	10	13	11	na
Less	79	68	61	
Same	5	9	11	

Q25 And as a consequence of the war, do you have more confidence or less confidence that the US wants to promote democracy all around the world?

	18-29	30-49	50-64	65+
United States				
More	73	71	69	63
Less	21	20	19	23
Same	1	3	3	4
Britain				
More	44	38	36	50
Less	43	47	47	38
Same	5	6	6	3
France				
More	14	14	12	24
Less	82	83	82	61
Same	2	2	2	6
Germany				
More	17	24	27	24
Less	77	68	69	71
Same	2	4	4	0
Russia				
More	19	14	12	11
Less	48	55	57	49
Same	21	21	21	21
Turkey				
More	8	10	12	na
Less	77	71	76	
Same	8	10	8	
Pakistan				
More	7	4	3	na
Less	56	57	63	
Same	5	5	9	
Jordan				
More	8	7	4	na
Less	50	57	64	
Same	33	27	22	
Morocco				
More	16	15	12	na
Less	71	63	60	
Same	6	10	7	

Q26 Do you think the war in Iraq has helped the war on terrorism or has it hurt the war on terrorism?

	18-29	30-49	50-64	65+
United States	(0	(0	(2)	50
Helped Hurt	60 32	68 24	63 30	50 29
No effect	2	24	2	5
NO Effect	Z	2	2	5
Britain				
Helped	37	40	33	33
Hurt	59	45	52	52
No effect	3	5	7	5
France				
Helped	31	32	38	31
Hurt	64	56	46	54
No effect	3	11	11	12
Germany	24	2.5		
Helped	26	37	31	21
Hurt	66	53	57	58
No effect	4	5	5	9
Russia				
Helped	24	22	24	21
Hurt	49	52	51	45
No effect	19	18	16	18
Turkey				
Helped	24	24	28	na
Hurt	59	53	59	
No effect	6	9	6	
Pakistan				
Helped	7	8	8	na
Hurt	60	57	58	
No effect	6	5	10	
Jordan				
Helped	13	14	7	na
Hurt	38	34	37	
No effect	36	36	40	
Morocco				
Helped	16	16	11	na
Hurt	71	65	57	
No effect	7	10	11	

Q27 Before the war, the leaders of US and Britain claimed that Iraq had weapons of mass destruction. These weapns have yet to be found. Why do you think they made this claim? Was it mostly because US and British leaders were themselves misinformed by bad intelligence, or wsa it mostly because US and British leaders lied to provide a reason for invading Iraq?

	18-29	30-49	50-64	65+
United States				
Leaders were misinformed by bad intelligence	41	51	51	53
Leaders lied to provide a reason for invading WMD might be found	51 3	30 9	20 12	25 10
Britain				
Leaders were misinformed by bad intelligence	40	53	44	53
Leaders lied to provide a reason for invading WMD might be found	52 3	40 1	42 6	33 5
France				
Leaders were misinformed by bad intelligence	11	14	16	18
Leaders lied to provide a reason for invading WMD might be found	89 0	83 0	81 0	74 2
Germany				
Leaders were misinformed by bad intelligence	14	23	28	23
Leaders lied to provide a reason for invading WMD might be found	79 0	70 1	63 3	68 4
Russia				
Leaders were misinformed by bad intelligence	13	20	17	18
Leaders lied to provide a reason for invading WMD might be found	60 13	62 6	65 5	56 7
Turkey				
Leaders were misinformed by bad intelligence	14	14	17	na
Leaders lied to provide a reason for invading WMD might be found	64 8	65 5	72 6	

	18-29	30-49	50-64	65+
Pakistan				
Leaders were misinformed by bad intelligence	7	10	13	na
Leaders lied to provide a reason for invading WMD might be found	64 2	56 2	69 1	
Jordan				
Leaders were misinformed by bad intelligence	26	20	20	na
Leaders lied to provide a reason for invading WMD might be found	62 8	73 4	72 5	
Morocco				
Leaders were misinformed by bad intelligence	22	20	18	na
Leaders lied to provide a reason for invading WMD might be found	51 13	46 15	46 8	

Q28 Now thinking about the dispute between Israel and the Palestinians, which side do you sympathize with more - Israel or the Palestinians?

	18-29	30-49	50-64	65+
United States				
Israel	54	56	49	32
Palestinians	12	12	11	14
Both	0	8	10	14
Neither	11	14	16	21
Britain				
Israel	22	18	20	32
Palestinians	27	30	30	24
Both	14	12	20	16
Neither	16	23	16	13
E				
France	0.1	17	22	21
Israel	21	17	22	21
Palestinians	29	32	29	19
Both	7	7	12	20
Neither	31	30	30	29
Germany				
Israel	26	23	27	19
Palestinians	27	22	25	25
Both	8	6	5	12
Neither	22	39	27	33
Russia				
	26	22	26	16
Israel	26	23	26	16
Palestinians	11	14	17	15
Both	13	14	16	19
Neither	35	38	31	30
Turkey				
Israel	8	4	5	na
Palestinians	59	67	70	
Both	2	4	5	
Neither	16	15	15	
Pakistan				
Israel	2	2	0	na
Palestinians	82	80	87	na
Both	1	1	1	
Neither	2	2	1	
Jordan				
Israel	1	1	2	na
Palestinians	92	94	94	
Both	0	1	0	
Neither	6	4	2	
Morocco				
Israel	1	0	0	na
Palestinians	96	95	96	
Both	2	3	0	
Neither	1	1	1	
	1	1	1	

Q29 Do you think the US government favors or opposes democracy in our country?

	18-29	30-49	50-64	65+
Pakistan				
Favors	29	26	36	na
Opposes	38	35	33	
Jordan				
Favors	44	42	44	na
Opposes	45	44	41	
Morocco				
Favors	53	51	45	na
Opposes	27	28	24	

Q2 Please tell me if you have a very favorable, somewhat favorable, somewhat unfavorable or very unfavorable opinion of (insert)? a The United States

	MEN		WO	MEN	Men-Women	
	Fav	Unfav	Fav	Unfav	Fav	Unfav
Britain	59	34	57	34	2	0
France	37	63	36	62	1	1
Germany	41	56	36	61	5	-5
Russia	51	43	42	44	9	-1
Turkey	28	70	31	58	-3	12
Pakistan	17	74	25	46	-8	28
Jordan	7	93	5	95	2	-2
Morocco	30	67	24	69	6	-2

b Americans

	M	MEN		MEN	Men-Women		
	Fav	Unfav	Fav	Unfav	Fav	Unfav	
Britain	71	20	73	18	-2	2	
France	54	43	53	44	1	-1	
Germany	71	25	65	13	6	12	
Russia	67	26	61	25	6	1	
Turkey	34	56	29	47	5	9	
Pakistan	29	56	23	38	6	18	
Jordan	21	73	20	74	1	-1	
Morocco	42	53	32	59	10	-6	

d United Nations

M	EN	WO	MEN	Men-Women						
Fav	Unfav	Fav	Unfav	Fav	Unfav					
49	42	59	27	-10	15					
73	23	75	14	-2	9					
64	34	70	26	-6	8					
75	22	69	23	6	-1					
66	24	57	14	9	10					
58	36	45	33	13	3					
na	na	na	na	na	na					
24	71	19	73	5	-2					
26	68	24	63	2	5					
	Fav 49 73 64 75 66 58 na 24	HEN Fav Unfav 49 42 73 23 64 34 75 22 66 24 58 36 na na 24 71	MEN WO Fav Unfav Fav 49 42 59 73 23 75 64 34 70 75 22 69 66 24 57 58 36 45 na na na 24 71 19	MEN WOMEN Fav Unfav Fav Unfav 49 42 59 27 73 23 75 14 64 34 70 26 75 22 69 23 66 24 57 14 58 36 45 33 na na na na 24 71 19 73	MEN WOMEN Men-V Fav Unfav Fav Unfav Fav 49 42 59 27 -10 73 23 75 14 -2 64 34 70 26 -6 75 22 69 23 6 66 24 57 14 9 58 36 45 33 13 na na na na na 24 71 19 73 5					

e Jews						
	M	EN	WO	MEN	Men-W	Vomen
	Fav	Unfav	Fav	Fav Unfav		Unfav
US	79	9	74	8	5	1
Britain	72	11	79	8	-7	3
France	78	13	83	9	-5	4
Germany	67	23	65	16	2	7
Russia	64	27	65	23	-1	4
Turkey	27	56	28	43	-1	13
Pakistan	3	88	1	71	2	17
Jordan	na	na	na	na	na	na
Morocco	7	91	4	93	3	-2

f Christians	5					
	M	MEN		MEN	Men-	Vomen
	Fav	Unfav	Fav	Unfav	Fav	Unfav
US	84	7	84	6	0	1
Britain	82	9	87	4	-5	5
France	80	11	88	9	-8	2
Germany	73	18	77	13	-4	5
Russia	93	4	94	2	-1	2
Turkey	30	57	31	47	-1	10
Pakistan	29	65	19	59	10	6
Jordan	na	na	na	na	na	na
Morocco	24	72	22	74	2	-2

g Muslims

	MEN		WO	MEN	Men-Women	
	Fav	Unfav	Fav	Unfav	Fav	Unfav
US	49	34	47	30	2	4
Britain	65	19	69	18	-4	1
France	61	32	68	26	-7	6
Germany	43	44	39	48	4	-4
Russia	54	37	50	38	4	-1
Turkey	88	11	89	7	-1	4
Pakistan	98	2	95	1	3	1
Jordan	na	na	na	na	na	na
Morocco	89	10	90	9	-1	1

Q3 From what you know, do people from our country who move to the US have a better life there, a worse life there or is neither better or worse?

	Better		Worse		Neither		Men -Women		
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Better	Worse	Neither
US	90	85	1	2	5	8	5	-1	-3
Britain	40	43	6	7	34	37	-3	-1	-9
France	27	21	10	13	52	61	6	-3	-4
Germany	17	11	15	16	56	60	6	-1	0
Russia	53	53	12	8	17	17	0	4	-3
Turkey	51	50	21	17	13	16	1	4	-5
Pakistan	31	28	35	22	16	21	3	13	-6
Jordan	38	25	20	23	25	31	13	-3	3
Morocco	49	45	24	29	19	16	4	-5	0

Q5 Do you think the partnership between the US and Western Europe should remain as close as it has been or do you think that Western Europe should take a more independent approach to security and dipolmatic affairs than it has in the past?

	Remain as Close		More Indep		Don't Know		Men-Women	
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	As Close	Indep
US	54	57	38	34	7	9	-3	4
Britain	44	37	53	58	4	5	7	-5
France	22	20	76	75	2	5	2	1
Germany	43	30	57	67	0	3	13	-10
Russia	23	26	62	50	15	24	-3	12
Turkey	28	17	62	57	10	26	11	5

Q6 In your opinion, would it be a good thing or a bad thing if the European Union becomes as powerful as the US?

	Good Thing		Bad Thing		Don't Know		Men-Women	
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Good	Bad
US	36	31	50	50	13	17	5	0
Britain	52	49	41	36	7	15	3	5
France	90	90	9	8	1	2	0	1
Germany	76	65	19	24	6	11	11	-5
Russia	68	66	15	10	17	24	2	5
Turkey	69	65	23	19	7	15	4	4

Q7 Now a question about using military force, do you think (sc) should have UN approval before it uses military forces to deal with an international threat or do you think that would make it too difficult for our country to deal with international threats?

	Should	have UN	Too Diffi	cult to deal				
	approval		w/tl	nreats	Don'	t know	Men-W	/omen
							UN	Too
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Approval	Difficult
US	37	45	54	44	9	11	-8	10
Britain	65	62	30	30	5	8	3	0
France	70	56	28	43	2	2	14	-15
Germany	81	79	14	16	5	5	2	-2
Russia	39	35	46	38	15	27	4	8
Turkey	49	42	45	43	6	14	7	2
Pakistan	38	38	43	24	19	38	0	19
Jordan	47	47	36	40	18	13	0	-4
Morocco	47	36	43	42	10	22	11	1

Q9 Which of the following phrases comes closer to your view? I favor the US-led efforts to fight terrorism, OR I oppose the US-led efforts to fight terrorism.

	MEN		WC	DMEN	Men-Women	
	Fav	Oppose	Fav	Oppose	Fav	Oppose
US	84	11	79	14	5	-3
Britain	66	29	61	31	5	-2
France	55	42	45	52	10	-10
Germany	58	40	52	46	6	-6
Russia	73	21	73	20	0	1
Turkey	35	60	39	51	-4	9
Pakistan	16	69	16	49	0	20
Jordan	12	79	11	77	1	2
Morocco	28	68	27	65	1	3

Q10 Which of the following phrases comes closer to your point of view? The US is right to be so concerned about the threat of international terrorism OR the US is over reacting to the threat of international terrorism.

	Is right to be		Overr	eacting	Men-Women		
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Right	Over	
US	82	86	15	11	-4	4	
Britain	61	67	36	30	-6	6	
France	43	40	55	58	3	-3	
Germany	50	47	46	51	3	-5	
Russia	56	60	39	30	-4	9	
Turkey	28	37	63	48	-9	15	
Pakistan	9	8	77	53	1	24	
Jordan	15	15	78	73	0	5	
Morocco	23	18	73	71	5	2	

Q11 Do you think that the US led war on terrorism is a sincere effort to reduce international terrorism or don't you believe that?

	Sincere Effort		Don't	Don't Believe		oth	Men-V Sincere	Vomen Don't
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Effort	Believe
US	67	68	26	24	2	3	-1	2
Britain	50	53	42	38	3	2	-3	4
France	36	33	61	61	3	2	3	0
Germany	34	25	61	70	0	1	9	-9
Russia	35	36	53	43	8	10	-1	10
Turkey	17	22	70	58	8	6	-5	12
Pakistan	7	6	72	42	7	3	1	30
Jordan	12	11	50	53	27	21	1	-3
Morocco	17	17	68	64	4	3	0	4

Q13 Some people think that suicide bombing and other forms of violence against civilian targets are justified in order to defend Islam from its enemies. Other people believe that, no matter what the reason, this kind of violence is never justified. Do you personally feel that this kind of violence is often justified to defend Islam, sometimes justified, rarely justified, or never justified?

	Justified		Not J	ustified	Men-Women		
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Just	Not Just	
Turkey	19	10	75	78	9	-3	
Pakistan	49	31	42	44	18	-2	
Jordan	na	na	na	na	na	na	
Morocco	37	41	57	48	-4	9	

Q14 What about suicide bombing carried out by Palestinians against Israeli citizens? Do you personally believe that this is justifiable or not justifiable?

	Justified		Not J	ustified	Men-Women		
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Just	Not Just	
Turkey	31	17	63	71	14	-8	
Pakistan	60	32	32	41	28	-9	
Jordan	84	88	14	9	-4	5	
Morocco	71	77	25	19	-6	6	

Q15 What about suicide bombing carried out against American and other Westerners in Iraq? Do you personally believe that this is justifiable or not justifiable?

	Justified		Not J	ustified	Men-Women		
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Just	Not Just	
Turkey	41	22	52	66	19	-14	
Pakistan	61	29	30	41	32	-11	
Jordan	69	71	23	24	-2	-1	
Morocco	64	68	30	24	-4	6	

Q16 Do you think the world would be a safer place or more dangerous place if there was another country that was equal in power to the United States

	Safer Place		More D	angerous	Men-Women		
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Safer	Danger	
US	32	27	50	50	5	0	
Britain	45	40	40	46	5	-6	
France	56	51	40	42	5	-2	
Germany	44	32	40	53	12	-13	
Russia	41	34	43	45	7	-2	
Turkey	47	34	43	48	13	-5	
Pakistan	25	11	62	59	14	3	
Jordan	29	29	52	54	0	-2	
Morocco	22	20	67	63	2	4	

Q18 On the subject of Iraq, did (survey country) make the right decision or the wrong decision to not use military force against Iraq?

	Ri	ght	W	rong	Men-Women		
	Men Women		Men	Women	Right	Wrong	
France	88	88	11	11	0	0	
Germany	82	90	15	8	-8	7	
Russia	83	84	12	8	-1	4	
Turkey	72	71	24	21	1	3	
Pakistan	80	55	12	13	25	-1	
Jordan	87	86	2	3	1	-1	
Morocco	84	83	11	7	1	4	

Q19 Do you think the people of Iraq will be better off or worse off in the long run than they were, now that Saddam Hussein has been removed from power by the US and its allies?

	Better Off		Wor	se Off	Men-Women		
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Better	Worse	
US	84	84	9	9	0	0	
Britain	81	83	12	10	-2	2	
France	65	69	31	24	-4	7	
Germany	70	61	26	29	9	-3	
Russia	33	30	41	34	3	7	
Turkey	40	42	46	42	-2	4	
Pakistan	9	7	72	50	2	22	
Jordan	26	24	70	71	2	-1	
Morocco	40	33	48	49	7	-1	

Q20 in rebuilding Iraq, how good a job are the US and its allies doing in taking into account the needs and interests of the Iraqi people? Is the coalition doing an excellent job, a good job, only a fair job, or a poor job in taking into consideration the interests and needs of the Iraqi people?

	Excellent		Good		Only Fair		Poor		Men-Women	
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Positive	Negative
US	16	12	35	40	33	29	10	9	-1	5
Britain	4	4	22	29	48	47	21	12	-8	9
France	2	1	31	35	47	47	16	11	-4	6
Germany	1	1	15	16	58	60	21	20	-1	0
Russia	2	1	11	12	38	34	42	37	0	8
Turkey	2	1	15	14	31	31	41	36	2	6
Pakistan	3	3	7	7	20	16	46	22	0	29
Jordan	6	6	21	21	27	29	38	37	-1	-2
Morocco	14	10	32	29	39	35	11	21	3	7

Q21 In the next 12 months do you believe that a stable government will be established in Iraq or do you think it will take longer than that?

	Stable Gov't		Will Tak	ke Longer	Men-Women		
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Stable	Longer	
US	13	12	85	82	1	3	
Britain	9	8	87	91	1	-4	
France	9	3	90	95	6	-5	
Germany	7	4	92	95	3	-3	
Russia	17	12	72	68	5	4	
Turkey	13	12	79	77	1	2	
Pakistan	6	5	70	46	1	24	
Jordan	34	32	51	51	2	0	
Morocco	8	8	83	75	0	8	

Q22 Who do you think could do the best job at helping the Iraqi people form a stable government -- the US and its allies or the United Nations?

	US an	US and allies The UN		В	Both Neither			Men-Women				
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	US	UN	Both	Neither
US	45	38	45	46	4	3	2	3	7	-1	1	-1
Britain	9	11	83	80	3	4	1	2	-2	3	-1	-1
France	6	11	86	77	1	2	6	3	-5	9	-1	3
Germany	8	8	82	85	3	2	4	1	0	-3	1	3
Russia	11	8	46	48	11	12	19	9	3	-2	-1	10
Turkey	10	12	65	53	8	4	9	12	-2	12	4	-3
Pakistan	3	6	53	32	4	3	23	8	-3	21	1	15
Jordan	6	5	16	14	19	22	50	49	1	2	-3	1
Morocco	18	16	24	20	11	7	35	34	2	4	4	1

Here are a few questions about how the war in Iraq may have changed your opinion of the US Q23 Did the US military show itself to be stronger or weaker than you expected?

	Stronger		Weaker		Sa	ame	Men-Women			
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Stonger	Weaker	Same	
US	72	73	15	13	10	8	-1	2	2	
Britain	48	43	30	35	18	11	5	-5	7	
France	25	32	53	52	17	12	-7	1	5	
Germany	30	23	56	65	9	3	7	-9	6	
Russia	20	25	43	31	32	27	-5	12	5	
Turkey	28	33	62	50	5	5	-5	12	0	
Pakistan	24	19	61	30	1	4	5	31	-3	
Jordan	51	43	19	23	23	28	8	-4	-5	
Morocco	48	49	35	28	11	15	-1	7	-4	

Q24 As a consequence of the war, do you have more confidence or less confidence that the US is trustworthy?

	More		Less		Same		Men-Women		
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	More	Less	Same
US	58	57	29	29	6	6	1	0	0
Britain	22	26	58	57	15	10	-4	1	5
France	12	16	80	75	6	6	-4	5	0
Germany	10	10	82	82	6	4	0	0	2
Russia	8	8	64	63	23	20	0	1	3
Turkey	7	9	77	71	12	11	-2	6	1
Pakistan	5	5	77	49	6	9	0	28	-3
Jordan	6	3	49	51	37	39	3	-2	-2
Morocco	13	10	73	72	8	6	3	1	2

Q25 And as a consquence of the war, do you have more confidence or less confidence that the US wants to promote democracy all around the world?

	More		Less		Same		Men-Women		
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	More	Less	Same
US	71	69	20	22	3	2	2	-2	1
Britain	45	37	43	46	6	5	8	-3	1
France	17	15	78	78	2	3	2	0	-1
Germany	27	20	65	76	4	1	7	-11	3
Russia	15	13	55	51	22	20	2	4	2
Turkey	9	10	76	71	10	8	-1	5	2
Pakistan	7	3	71	41	5	5	4	30	0
Jordan	7	7	56	56	28	29	0	0	-1
Morocco	17	13	67	66	7	8	4	1	-1

Q26 Do you think the war in Iraq has helped the war on terrorism or has it hurt the war on terrorism?

	He	Helped		Hurt		No Effect		Men-Women		
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Helped	Hurt	No Effect	
US	64	60	28	29	3	2	4	-1	1	
Britain	36	36	51	50	5	6	0	1	-1	
France	32	34	56	54	12	8	-2	2	4	
Germany	31	29	58	57	5	6	2	1	-1	
Russia	23	22	51	49	21	15	1	2	6	
Turkey	26	22	58	55	8	7	4	3	1	
Pakistan	9	7	69	45	6	5	2	24	1	
Jordan	10	14	39	33	33	40	-4	6	-7	
Morocco	18	14	68	66	8	9	4	2	-1	

Q27 Before the war, the leaders of US and Britain claimed that Iraq had weapons of mass destruction. These weapns have yet to be found. Why do you think they made this claim? Was it mostly because US and British leaders were themselves misinformed by bad intelligence, or wsa it mostly because US and British leaders lied to provide a reason for invading Iraq?

	Misinformed		L	Lied		Might still be found		Men-Women		
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Misinforme d	Lied	Might still be found	
US	48	50	30	32	12	6	-2	-2	6	
Britain	47	49	42	40	4	3	-2	2	1	
France	12	18	86	78	0	1	-6	8	-1	
Germany	25	21	66	72	1	3	4	-6	-2	
Russia	19	16	63	59	8	8	3	4	0	
Turkey	14	15	73	59	6	7	-1	14	-1	
Pakistan	11	6	70	50	2	2	5	20	0	
Jordan	22	23	72	65	5	7	-1	7	-2	
Morocco	22	19	50	45	14	13	3	5	1	

Q28 Now thinking about the dispute between Israel and the Palestinians, which side do you sympathize with more -Israel or the Palestinians?

	Israel		Palestinians		Both		Neither	
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women
US	51	41	12	14	6	9	16	13
Britain	23	20	35	22	12	17	18	18
France	19	21	30	26	10	11	32	28
Germany	24	24	26	23	3	11	33	31
Russia	25	21	14	13	15	15	37	33
Turkey	6	7	72	56	3	5	14	17
Pakistan	1	2	90	72	1	1	2	2
Jordan	1	1	83	94	0	0	5	4
Morocco	1	0	96	96	2	2	1	1

Q29 Do you think the US government favors or opposes democracy in our country?

	MEN		WC	OMEN	Men-Women		
	Fav	Oppose	Fav	Oppose	Fav	Oppose	
Pakistan	35	22	43	28	-8	-6	
Jordan	45	42	43	44	2	-2	
Morocco	56	46	27	27	29	19	

temy Bush +60%

Repty pens +40%